DRAFT

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES (INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956)

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ARCHIT ORGANOSYS LIMITED

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ARCHIT ORGANOSYS LIMITED

The following regulations comprised in these Articles of Association were adopted pursuant to the members' resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting held on August _____, 2016 in substitution for and to the entire exclusion of, the earlier regulations comprised in the existing Articles of Association of the Company.

1	No regulations contained in Table "F" in the First Schedule to the	Table "F" not to apply but
1	Companies Act, 2013 shall apply to this Company, but the	Company to be governed by
		these
	regulations for the management of the Company and for the	
	observance by the members thereof and their representatives shall,	Articles
	subject to any exercise of the statutory powers by the Company	
	with reference to the repeal or alteration of, or addition to its	
	regulations by Special Resolution, as prescribed by the said	
	Companies Act, 2013, be such as are contained in the said	
	Articles.	
2	INTERPRETATION The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction hereof.	Intermedation
2		Interpretation
	In the interpretation of these Articles the following expression	
	shall have the following meanings, unless repugnant to the subject	
	or context:	
	"The Act" - means the Companies Act, 1956 and / or the	The Act
	Companies Act 2013 (as may be in force) as the context may so	
	require and includes the rules made there under and any statutory	
	modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.	
	"Alter" or "Alteration" shall include the making of additions,	Alter and Alteration
	omissions and substitutions.	
	"Annual General Meeting" - means a general meeting of the	Annual General
	members held in accordance with the provisions of the Section 96	Meeting
	of the Companies Act, 2013.	
	"Articles" means the Articles of Association of a Company as	Articles of Association
	originally framed or as altered from time to time or applied in	
	pursuance of any previous company law or of this Act.	
	"Auditors" - means and includes the persons appointed as such for	Auditors
	the time being of the Company.	Auditors
	"Beneficial Owner" - shall mean beneficial owner as defined in	Beneficial Owner
	clause (a) of sub section (1) of Section 2 of the Depositories Act,	Beneficial 6 wher
	1996.	
	"Board" or "Board of Directors" - means a meeting of the	Board of Directors
		Board of Directors
	Directors or a Committee thereof duly called and constituted, or as	
	the case may be, the Directors assembled at a Board or the	
	requisite number of Directors entitled to pass a Circular Resolution	
	in accordance with these Articles, or acting by Circular Resolution	
	under the Articles.	
	"Bye-laws" - means the Bye-laws which may be made by the	Bye-laws
	Board of Directors of the Company under these Articles and which	
	may for the time being be in force.	
	"Capital" - means the capital for the time being raised for the	Capital
	purpose of the Company.	•
	"The Chairman" - means the Chairman of the Board of Directors	Chairman
	for the time being of the Company.	
	"The Company" or "This Company" - means ARCHIT	The Company or This
	ORGANOSYS LIMITED	Company
		r J
	"Debenture" - includes debenture stock, bonds or any other	Debenture

instrument of the Company evidencing constituting a charge on the assets of the Company	
"Depositories Act, 1996" - shall include state re-enactment thereof.	
"Depository" - shall mean a Depository as de of sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Deposit	
"Directors" - means the Directors for the Company or as the case may be, the Directors for the Company or as the case may be, the Directors for the Company or as the case may be, the Directors for the Company or as the case may be, the Directors for the Company or as the case may be, the Directors for the Company or as the Company or	e time being of the Directors extors assembled at a
Board, or acting under a Circular Resolution "Dividend" - includes any interim dividend.	under the Articles. Dividend
"Documents" - includes summons, notices, r process and registers, whether issued, sent o	
the Act or under any other law for the time otherwise, maintained on paper or in electron	me being in force or
"Executor" or "Administrator" - means a per Probate or Letter of Administration, as the	rson who has obtained Executor or
Competent Court. "General Meeting" - means a general mee whether Annual or Extra Ordinary General and convened as per these Articles of	meeting duly called Association and in
"Group" - means a group of two or more ind firms or bodies corporate, or any combin	ividuals, associations, aation thereof, which
exercises or is in a position to exercise, of exercising, control over any individual, bottrust.	dy corporate, firm or
"In writing" or "written" – means and inclithographed, represented or reproduced in visible form, including telex, telegram.	
"Key managerial personnel", in relation to a (i) the Chief Executive Officer or the man manager; (ii) the Company secretary; (iii) the whole-time Director; (iv) the Chief Financial Officer; and	
(v) such other officer as may be prescribed; "Managing Director" means a Director w articles of a Company or an agreement wi resolution passed in its general meeting, Directors, is entrusted with substantial powe the affairs of the Company and includes a D position of managing Director, by whatever i	th the Company or a or by its Board of ers of management of Director occupying the
"Members" - means the duly registered hold of the shares of the Company and includes Memorandum of the Company and the b defined in clause (a) of sub-section (1) Depositories Act, 1996.	ers, from time to time the subscribers to the eneficial owner(s) as
"Memorandum" means the Memorandum Company as originally framed or as altered pursuance of any previous Company Law or	from time to time in
"Month" - means a calendar month.	Month
"Office" - means the registered office for the Company	time being of the Office
"Ordinary Resolution" - shall have the meaning Section 114 of the Companies Act, 2013.	
"Paid-up" - includes capital credited as paid "Persons" – includes individuals, any Comp body of individuals whether incorporated or	pany or association or Persons

mode. "Promoter" means a person— (a) who has been named as such in a prospectus or is identified by the Company in the annual return referred to in section 92; or (b) who has control over the affairs of the Company, directly or indirectly whether as a shareholder. Director or otherwise; or (c) in accordance with whose advice, directions or instructions the Board of Directors of the Company is accustomed to act: Provided that nothing in sub-clause (c) shall apply to a person who is acting merely in a professional capacity "Proxy" - means an instrument whereby any person is authorised to vote for a member at the general meeting or poil. "The Register of Members" - means the register of members to be keep pursuant to Section 88 of the Companies Act, 2013. "The Register" - means the General meeting or poil. "The Register" - means the Common Seaf for the time being of the Company. "SEBI" - means the Securities and Exchange Board of India. "Secretary" - means and include a temporary or Assistant Secretary and any person or persons appointed by the Board [in accordance with the provisions of the Companies (Secretary's Qualifications) Rules 1973 or any other rules for the time being in force) to perform any of the duties of the Secretary. "Shares" - means the shares or stocks into which the capital of the Company is divided and the interest corresponding with such shares or stocks except where a distinction between stocks and shares is expressed or implied. "Tribunal" - means the National Company Law Tribunal constituted under Section 408 of the Companies Act, 2013. "Tribunal" - means the Calonal Company Law Tribunal constituted under Section 408 of the Companies Act, 2013. "Whole-time Director" includes a Director in the whole-time employment of the Company. "Year" - means the Calonal Company Law Tribunal constituted under Section 408 of the Company and the legislative provision for the time being in force in this behalf and power to divide the Share Capital into Fquity Share Capital or Preference Share Cap			"Postal Ballot" means voting by post or through any electronic	Postal Ballot
(a) who has been named as such in a prospectus or is identified by the Company in the annual return referred to in section 92; or (b) who has control over the affairs of the Company, directly or indirectly whether as a shareholder, Director or otherwise; or (c) in accordance with whose advice, directions or instructions the Board of Directors of the Company is accustomed to act: Provided that nothing in sub-clause (c) shall apply to a person who is acting merely in a professional capacity "Proxy" "Proxy" - means an instrument whereby any person is authorised to vote for a member at the general meeting or poll. "The Register of Members" - means the register of members to be kept pursuant to Section 88 of the Companies Act, 2013. "The Registrar" - means the Registrar of Companies. "Seal" - means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company. "SEBI" - means the Securities and Exchange Board of India. "Secretary" - means and include a temporary or Assistant Secretary and any person or persons appointed by the Board [in accordance with the provisions of the Companies (Secretary's Qualifications) Rules 1975 or any other rules for the time being in force] to perform any of the duties of the Secretary. "Shares" - means the shares or stocks into which the capital of the Company is divided and the interest corresponding with such shares or stocks except where a distinction between stocks and shares is expressed or implied. "Special Resolution" - shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 114 of the Company. "Year" - means the valiendar Ocmpany Law Tribunal constituted under Section 408 of the Companies Act, 2013. "Tribunal" - means the valiendar of propensional propen			mode.	
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presents PROVIDED HOWEVER that where any Government has				
made an order under sub-section 4 of Section 62 of the Companies			made an order under sub-section 4 of Section 62 of the Companies	

	Act, 2013 directing that any debenture issued by the Company or	
	loan taken by the Company or any part thereof shall be converted	
	into shares of the Company and no appeal has been preferred to	
	the Tribunal under sub-section (4) of Section 62 of the Companies	
	Act,2013 or where such appeal has been dismissed, the	
	memorandum of the Company shall, where such order has the	
	effect of increasing the Authorised Share Capital, stand altered and	
	the Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall stand increased	
	by an amount equal to the amount of the value of the shares into which such debentures or loans or part thereof has been converted.	
(b)	The holders of Preference Shares shall be entitled to be paid out of	Preference Shares,
(0)	the profits which the Directors shall determine to distribute by way	Rights of Holders
	of dividend, a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at such rates	rugins of Holders
	as maybe fixed by the Company (free of Company's tax but	
	subject to deduction of tax at source at the prescribed rate), on the	
	amount credited as paid up thereon and to the right, on winding	
	up, to be paid all arrears of preferential dividend, whether earned	
	or declared or not, down to the commencement of winding up, and	
	also to be repaid the amount of capital paid or credited as paid up	
	on the Preference Shares held by them respectively in priority to	
	any payment in respect of Equity Shares, but shall not be entitled	
	to any other rights in the profits or assets of the Company. Subject	
	as aforesaid and to the rights of the holders of any other shares	
	entitled by the terms of issue to preferential repayment over the	
	Equity Shares, in the event of the winding up of the Company, the holders of the Equity Shares shall be entitled to be repaid the	
	amounts of capital paid up or credited as paid up on such shares	
	and all surplus assets thereafter shall belong to the holders of the	
	Equity Shares in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as	
	paid up on such Equity Shares respectively at the commencement	
	of	
	the winding up.	
(c)	Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Companies Act,	
	1956 (as may be applicable) and Section 55 of the Companies Act,	
	2013 (as may be applicable) the following provisions shall apply	
	in regards to redemption of Cumulative Preference Shares:	
	(i) The Company may subject to the terms of issue at any time but	
	in any event not later than twenty years from the issue of shares	
	apply any profits or monies of the Company which may be	
	lawfully applied for the purpose in the redemption of the preference shares at par together with a sum equal to arrears of	
	dividend thereon down to the date of redemption.	
	(ii) In the case of any partial redemption under sub-clause (c)(i) of	
	this Article, the Company shall for the purpose of ascertaining	
	the particular shares to be redeemed, cause a drawing to be	
	made at the office or at such other place as the Directors may	
	decide, in the presence of a representative of the Auditors for	
	the time being of the Company.	
	(iii) Forthwith after every such drawing the Company shall give to	
	the holders of the shares drawn for redemption notice in writing	
	of the Company's intention to redeem the same fixing a time	
	(not less than three months thereafter) and the place for the	
	redemption and surrender of the shares to be redeemed.	
	(iv) At the time and place so fixed each holder shall be bound to	
	surrender to the Company the Certificate for his shares to be	
	redeemed and the Company shall pay to him the amount payable in respect of such redemption and where any such	
	Certificate comprises any shares which have not been drawn	
	for redemption, the Company shall issue to the holder thereof a	
	fresh Certificate thereof.	
(d)	Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the Company shall be	
	entitled to create and issue further Preference Shares ranking in all	
	or any respects paripassu with the said Preference Shares,	

		PROVIDED in the event of its creating and/or issuing Preference	
		Shares in future, ranking paripassu with the Preference Shares	
		proposed to be issued, the Company would do so only with the	
		consent of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the	
		Preference Shares then outstanding.	
	(e)	The Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares shall not confer on	
	(0)	the holders thereof the right to vote either in person or by proxy at	
		any general meeting of the Company save to the extent and in the	
		manner provided by Section 47(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.	
	(f)	The rights, privileges and conditions for the time being attached to	
		the Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares may be varied,	
		modified or abrogated in accordance with the provisions of these	
		Articles and of the Act.	
4	(a)	The Company in general meeting may, by ordinary resolution	Increase of capital by
		from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of	the Company and how carried
		such aggregate amount and to be divided into shares of such	into effect
		respective amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. The new	
		shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with	
		such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the resolution shall	
		prescribe, and in particular, such shares may be issued with a	
		preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution	
		of assets of the Company	
		and with a right of voting at general meeting of the Company in	
		conformity with Sections 47 and 55 of the Companies Act, 2013.	
	(b)	Whenever the capital of the Company has been increased under	
		the provisions of this Article the Company shall file with the	
		Registrar notice of the increase of capital as required by Section 64	
		of the Companies Act, 2013 within thirty days of the passing of	
		the resolution authorising the increase, or of the receipt of the	
		order of the Government or consequent upon an order made by the	
<u> </u>		Government under Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013.	
5		Neither the original capital nor any increased capital shall be more	Capital of two kinds only.
		than two kinds, namely (i) Equity Share Capital and (ii) Preference	
		Share Capital, as defined in Section 43 of the Companies Act, 2013.	
6		Except in so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue	New Capital same as
0		or by these Articles any capital raised by creation of new shares,	existing capital
		shall be considered as part of the existing capital and shall be	existing capital
		subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the	
		payment of calls and installments, forfeiture, lien, surrender,	
		transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.	
7		Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Companies Act,	Redeemable Preference Shares
'		2013, the Company shall have the power to issue Preference	21000000000000000000000000000000000000
		Shares which are or at the option of the Company are to be liable	
		to the redeemed and the resolution authorising such issue shall	
		prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption.	
8		On the issue of Redeemable Preference Shares under the	Provisions to apply on Issue of
		provisions of Article 7 hereof and subject to the provisions of the	Redeemable Preference Shares
		Act, the following provisions shall take effect:	
	(a)	No such shares shall be redeemed except out of profits of the	
		Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out	
		of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purposes of	
		the redemption.	
	(b)	No such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid.	
	(c)	The premium, if any, payable on redemption shall have been	
		provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the	
		Company's Securities Premium Account, before the shares are	
		redeemed.	
	(d)	Where such shares are proposed to be redeemed out of the profits	
		of the Company, there shall out of such profits, be transferred to a	
		reserve fund to be called 'The Capital Redemption Reserve	
		Account', a sum equal to the nominal amount of the shares to be	

		redeemed and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 relating	
		to the reduction of the Share Capital of the Company shall, except	
		as provided in Section 55 of the Companies Act, 2013, apply as if	
		the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid-up share	
		capital of the Company.	
	(e)	Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Companies Act,	
		2013, the redemption of Preference Shares hereunder may be	
		effected in accordance with the terms and conditions of their issue	
		and in the absence of any specific terms and conditions in that	
9		behalf, in such manner as the Directors may think fit.	Reduction of Conital
9		The Company may from time to time by special resolution, subject to confirmation by the Court or the Tribunal (as may be	Reduction of Capital
		applicable) and subject to the provisions of Sections 52, 55 and 66	
		of the Companies Act,2013 and other applicable provisions, if any,	
		reduce its share capital in any manner and in particular may –	
	(a)	extinguish or reduce the liability on any of its shares in respect of	
	(4)	the share capital not paid-up; or	
	(b)	either with or without extinguishing or reducing the liability on	
		any of its shares, -	
		(i) cancel any paid up share capital which is lost or is	
L		unrepresented by available assets;	
		(ii) pay off any paid up share capital which is in excess of the	
		wants of the Company.	
9A		Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the	Buy Back of Shares
		Company may purchase its own shares or other securities, and the	
		Board of Directors may, when and if thought fit, buy back such of	
		the Company's own shares or securities as it may think necessary,	
		subject to such limits, upon such terms and conditions and subject	
10		to such approvals, as may be permitted by law.	I CCI C '. 1
10		The Company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution	Increase of Share Capital
		increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.	
10A		Subject to the provisions of Section 61 of the Companies Act,	Consolidation, division,
1071		2013, the Company in general meeting may from time to time by	subdivision and cancellation of
		an ordinary resolution alter its Memorandum to:	shares
	(a)	Consolidate and divide all or any of its capital into shares of larger	
		amount than its existing shares;	
	(b)	Sub-divide its shares, or any of them into shares of smaller amount	
		than is fixed by the Memorandum, so however, that in the	
		subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the	
		amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as	
		it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is	
		derived;	
	(c)	Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the	
		resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person	
		and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the	
		shares so cancelled. A cancellation of shares in pursuance of this	
		sub-clause shall not be deemed to be reduction of share capital	
		within the meaning of the Act. Whenever the Company does any one or more of the things provided for in the foregoing sub-clauses	
		(a),(b) and (c), the Company shall, within thirty days thereafter	
		give notice thereof to the Registrar as required by Section 64 of	
		the Companies Act, 2013 specifying, as the case may be, the	
		shares consolidated, divided, sub-divided or cancelled.	
11		Whenever the share capital of the Company, by reason of the issue	Modification of rights
		of Preference Shares or otherwise, is divided into different classes	
		of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each	
		class may, subject to the provisions of Section 48 of the	
		Companies Act, 2013, be varied with the consent in writing of the	
		holders of not less than three-fourths of the issued shares of that	
		class or by means of a special resolution passed at a separate	
		general meeting of the holders of shares of that class, and all the	

		provisions hereafter contained as to general meetings shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to every such meeting. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if this Article was omitted. Provided that if variation by one class of shareholders of the Company affects the rights of any other class of Shareholders of the Company, the consent of three-fourths of such other class of shareholders shall also be obtained and the provisions of this Article shall apply to such variation. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares (including Preference Shares, if any) of any class issued with preferred or other rights or	
		privileges shall unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms	
		of the issue of shares of that class be deemed not to be modified,	
		commuted, affected, abrogated, dealt with or varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking paripassu therewith.	
		SHARES, DEBENTURES, OTHER SECURITIES AND CE	RTIFICATES
10		The Common shall seem to be least and assistant and a Decision of	Desister and Indian of
12		The Company shall cause to be kept and maintained a Register of Members, register of debenture-holders, and a register of any other	Register and Index of Members
		security holders in accordance with all applicable provisions of the	THE MISSIS
		Companies Act,2013 and the Depositories Act, 1996 with details	
		of shares, debentures, or other securities held in material and	
		dematerialised forms in any media as may be permitted by law including in any form of electronic media. The Company is	
		authorised to, if so required by the Company, maintain a part of its	
		register of members, register of debenture holders and / or register	
		of any other security holders outside India (such part of the	
		relevant register shall be called the "Foreign Register") and such Foreign Register shall contain the names and particulars of the	
		members, debenture holders, other security holders or beneficial	
		owners (as the case may be) residing outside India.	
12A	(1)	Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these	Dematerialisation
		Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialise and rematerialise its existing shares, debentures and other securities	
		and/or to offer its fresh shares, debentures and other securities in a	
		dematerialised form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and	
		the rules framed there under, if any, and the register and index of	
		beneficial owners maintained by the relevant Depository under	
		section 11 of the Depositories Act, 1996, shall be deemed to be the corresponding register and index maintained by the Company.	
	(2)	Every person subscribing to securities offered by the Company	Options for Investors
		shall have the option to receive security certificates or to hold the	r
		securities with a Depository. Such a person who is a beneficial	
		owner of the securities can at any time opt out of a depository, if permitted by the law, in respect of any security in the manner	
		provided by the Depositories Act, 1996, and the Company shall, in	
		the manner and within the time prescribed issue to the beneficial	
		owner the required Certificates of Securities. If a person opts to	
		hold his security with a depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the security, and on	
		receipt of the information, the depository shall enter in the records	
		the name of the allottee as the beneficial owner of the security.	
	(3)	All securities held by a depository shall be dematerialised and be	Securities with
		in fungible form. Nothing contained in sections89 and 112 and	Depositories to be in
		such other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 shall apply to a depository in respect of the securities held by it on	fungible form
		behalf of the beneficial owners.	
	(4)	(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the	Rights of Depositories and
		Companies Act, 1956, the Companies Act, 2013or these	Beneficial Owners
		Articles, a Depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purpose of effecting transfer of ownership of	
		securities on behalf of the beneficial owner.	
		(b) Save and otherwise provided in (a) above, the Depository as	

		the registered owner of the securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it. (c) Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner in the records of the Depository shall be deemed to be a member of the Company. The beneficial owner of securities shall be entitled to all rights and benefits and be subject to all liabilities in respect of the securities held by a Depository on behalf of the beneficial owner.	
	(5)	Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act, 1956, the Companies Act, 2013 or these Articles to the contrary, where securities are held with a Depository the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such Depository on the Company by means of registered post or by speed post or by courier service or by leaving it at its Registered Office or by means of such electronic or other mode as may be prescribed.	Service of Documents
	(6)	Nothing contained in Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013, or these Articles shall apply to transfer of securities issued by the Company, effected by a transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as beneficial owners in the records of a Depository.	Transfer of Securities
	(7)	Notwithstanding anything contained in Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013 or these Articles, where securities issued by the Company are dealt with by a Depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the Depository immediately on allotment of such securities.	Allotment of Securities dealt with in a Depository
	(8)	Nothing contained in Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013 or these Articles regarding the necessity of having distinctive numbers for securities issued by the Company, shall apply to securities held with a Depository.	Distinctive numbers of Securities held with a Depository
13		The Board of Directors shall observe the restrictions as to allotment of shares to the public contained in Section 39 of the Companies Act, 2013, as well as any other applicable provisions of the Act, and shall cause to be made the returns as to allotment provided for in Section 39 of the Companies Act, 2013 and/or as maybe prescribed under the Act.	Restriction on Allotment and Return of Allotment
14	(1)	Where at any time, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by issue of further shares, such further shares shall be offered;	Further Issue of capital
		(a) to the persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of the Equity Shares of the Company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the paid-up share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions namely:	
		 (i) Such offer shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, shall be deemed to have been declined. Such notice shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue; (ii) The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in sub-clause(i) hereof shall contain a statement of this right, 	
		PROVIDED THAT the Directors may decline, without assigning any reason, to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any member may renounce the shares offered to him;	

			(iii) After the expiry of the time specified in the aforesaid notice,			
			or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom			
			such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares			
			offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such			
			manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders and			
			the Company.			
			(b) to the employees under a scheme of employees' stock option,			
			subject to special resolution passed by company and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed			
-		(2)	Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (1) hereof, the			
			further shares aforesaid may be offered to any persons, if a special			
			resolution to that effect is passed by the Company in general			
			meeting, whether or not those persons include the persons referred			
			to in sub-clause (1) (a) hereof, either for cash or for a			
			consideration other than cash in accordance with the provisions of			
			Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 (and the rules made there			
			under) and in accordance with applicable rules and regulations prescribed by SEBI in this regard from time to time.			
=		(3)	Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed			
		(3)	capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option as a			
			term attached to the debentures issued or the terms of any loans			
			raised by the Company to convert such debentures or loans into			
			shares in the Company. PROVIDED that the terms of issue of			
			such debentures or terms of such loan containing such an option			
			have been approved before the issue of such debentures or the			
			raising of such loan by a special resolution passed by the Company			
-		(4)	in a general meeting. Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (3) above,			
		(4)	where any debentures have been issued or loan has been obtained			
			from any Government by the Company, and if that Government			
			considers it necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, by			
			order, direct that such debentures or loans or any part thereof shall			
			be converted into shares in the Company on such terms and			
			conditions as appear to the Government to be reasonable in the			
			circumstances of the case even if terms of the issue of such			
			debentures or the raising of such loans do not include a term for			
			providing for an option for such conversion. Provided that where the terms and conditions of such conversion			
			are not acceptable to the Company, it may, within sixty days from			
			the date of communication of such order, appeal to the Tribunal			
			which shall after hearing the Company and the Government pass			
			such order as it deems fit.			
ſ		(5)	In determining the terms and conditions of conversion under sub-			
			clause (4), the Government shall have due regard to the financial			
			position of the Company, the terms of issue of debentures or loans,			
			as the case may be, the rate of interest payable on such debentures or loans and such other matters as it may consider necessary.			
-		(6)	Where the Government has, by an order made under sub-clause			
		(0)	(4), directed that any debenture or loan or any part thereof shall be			
			converted into shares in the Company and where no appeal has			
			been preferred to the Tribunal under sub-clause (4) or where such			
			appeal has been dismissed, the Memorandum of the Company			
			shall, where such order has the effect of increasing the authorised			
			share capital of the Company, be altered and the authorised share			
			capital of the Company shall stand increased by an amount equal to the amount of the value of shares which such debentures or			
			loans or part thereof has been converted into.			
}	15		Subject to the provisions of these Articles and of the Act, the	Share under	control	of
			shares shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue,	Directors		
			allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such			
			persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and			
			either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from			

16	(1)	time to time think fit subject to the sanction of the Company in a general meeting to give any person the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either at a premium or at par or at a discount subject to the provisions of Sections 52, 53,54 and 58 of the Companies Act, 2013 and for such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit. Where the Company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash	Application of premium
		or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on those shares shall be transferred to an account, to be called "THESECURITIES PREMIUM ACCOUNT" and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to reduction of share capital of the Company shall, except as provided in this Article, apply as if the securities premium account were the paid-up share capital of the Company.	received on shares
17	(2)	Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (1) above but subject to the provisions of Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013, the securities premium account may be applied by the Company- (a) towards the issue of unissued shares of the Company to the members of the Company as fully paid bonus; (b) in writing off the preliminary expenses of the Company; (c) in writing off the expenses of, or the commission paid or discount allowed on, any issue of shares or debentures of the Company; (d) in providing for the premium payable on the redemption of any redeemable preference shares or of any debentures of the Company; or (e) for the purchase of its own shares or other securities under Section 68 of the Companies Act, 2013.	Power also to Company in
17		In addition to and without derogating from the powers for that purpose conferred on the Board under Articles15 and 16, the Company in a General Meeting may, subject to the provisions of Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and 108A of the Companies Act, 1956, determine that any shares (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) be offered to such persons (whether members or not) in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or at a discount (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 52, 53 and 54 of the Companies Act, 2013) as such General Meeting shall determine and with full power to give any person whether a member or not the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either at a premium or at par or at a discount (subject to compliance with the provisions of Sections 52, 53 and 54 of the Companies Act, 2013) such option being exercisable at such time and for such consideration as may be directed by such General Meeting may make any other provisions whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any such shares.	Power also to Company in General Meeting to issue shares
18		Except as provided in Section 54 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company shall not issue shares at a discount. Any share issued by the Company at a discounted price shall be void.	Shares at a discount
19		If by the conditions of any allotment of any share, the whole or any part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by installments, every such installment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be the registered holder of the shares or his legal representatives.	Installments on shares to be duly paid
20		Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and these Articles, the Board may allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company as payment of any property sold or transferred or for service rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may be so issued shall be deemed to be fully paid up shares.	The Board may issue shares as fully paid up

21		Any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any share therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles; and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the Register shall, for the purpose of these Articles, be a member.	Acceptance of shares
22		The money (if any) which the Board of Directors shall, on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise, in respect of any shares allotted by them, shall immediately on the inscription of the name of the allottee in the register of members as the name of the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.	Deposit and Call etc. to be a debt payable
23		Every member, or his heirs, executors or administrators to the extent of his assets which come to their hands shall be liable to pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being remain unpaid thereon in such amounts, at such time or times and in such manner as the Board of Directors shall from time to time require or fix for the payment thereof.	Liability of Members
24	(a)	Every member or allottee of shares shall be entitled, without payment, to receive one Certificate for all the shares of the same class registered in his name. Every Share Certificate shall specify the number and the distinctive number(s) of the shares in respect of which it was issued and the amount paid up thereon. Such certificate shall be issued only in pursuance of a Resolution passed by the Board and on surrender to the Company of its letter of allotment or its fractional coupons of requisite value, save in case of issues against letters of acceptance or of renunciation or in case of issue of bonus shares.	Share Certificates
		PROVIDED THAT if the letter of allotment is lost or destroyed the Board may impose such reasonable terms, if any, as it thinks fit, as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Company in investigating the evidence. The certificate of title to shares shall be issued under the Seal of the Company and shall be signed in conformity with the provisions of the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. Printing of blank forms to be used for issue of Share Certificates and maintenance of books and documents relating to issue of Share Certificates shall be in accordance with the provisions of aforesaid rules. Such certificates of title to shares shall be completed and kept ready for delivery within such time frame as may be prescribed in this regard after the allotment.	
	(b)	Any two or more joint allottees or holders of shares shall, for the purpose of this Article, be treated as a single member and the certificate of any share, which may be the subject to joint ownership, may be delivered to any one of such joint owners on behalf of all of them.	
25		No certificate of any share or shares shall be issued either in exchange for those which are sub-divided or consolidated or in replacement of those which are defaced, torn, or old, decrepit, worn out, or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfers have been duly utilised unless the certificate in lieu of which itis issued is surrendered to the Company . PROVIDED THAT no fee shall be charged for issue of new	
		certificates in replacement of those which are old, decrepit or worn out or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfers have been fully utilised.	

	PROVIDED FURTHER that in case of any Share Certificate being lost or destroyed the Company may issue a duplicate certificate in place of the Certificate so lost or destroyed on such terms as to evidence, out-of-pocket expenses in regard to investigation of such evidence and indemnity as the Board may determine.	
25A	Notwithstanding anything contained in Article 25, the Board of Directors may refuse applications for sub division of Share Certificate into denominations of less than the marketable lot for the time being in force ,except when such sub-division is required to be made to comply with a statutory order or an order of a competent court of law or to remedy a genuine mistake of fact or law. PROVIDED THAT the Directors may, at their discretion, in case of genuine needs, allow sub-division of share certificates in	Sub-division of shares
	denomination of less than the marketable lots, and may, if necessary, require production of suitable documentary evidence therefore.	
26	If any share stands in the names of two or more persons the first named in the Register shall, as regards receipts of dividends or bonus or service of notice or any other matter connected with the Company, except voting at meetings and the transfer of the shares, be deemed the sole holder thereof but the joint holders of a share shall severally as well as jointly be liable for the payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such share, and for all incidents thereof according to the provisions of the Act.	The first named joint holders deemed sole holder
27	Except as ordered by a court / Tribunal of competent jurisdiction or as by law required, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the Register of Members as the holder of any share or whose name appears as the beneficial owner of shares in the records of the Depository, as the beneficial owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognise any be nami trust, or equity or equitable, contingent or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof. The Board shall be entitled at their sole discretion to register any shares in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivor or survivors of them.	Company not bound to recognise any interest in share other than of Registered Holder
27A	Notwithstanding anything contained hereinabove, a Member has a right to nominate one or more persons as his/her nominee(s) to be entitled to the rights and privileges as may be permitted under the law of such a member in the event of death of the said member/s subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and other applicable laws.	Nomination
28	When any declaration is filed with the Company under the provisions of Section 89 of the Companies Act,2013, (i) by any holder of shares who does not hold beneficial interest in such share specifying the particulars of the person holding beneficial interest in such shares, or (ii) by a person who holds or acquires a beneficial interest in any share of the Company specifying the nature of his interest, particulars of the person in whose name the shares stand registered in the books of the Company and such other particulars as may be prescribed, the Company, or (iii) by the person referred to in (i) and the beneficial owner referred to in (ii) where any change occurs in the beneficial interest of such shares, the Company shall make a note of such declaration in its concerned register and file, within 30 days from the date of receipt of the declaration by it, a return with the Registrar with regard to such declaration together with the prescribed fees for the same.	Declarations in respect of beneficial interest in any share
29	Save as provided in Section 67 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company shall not have the power to buy its own shares unless the consequent reduction of share capital is effected under the	No purchase or giving of loans to purchase Company's shares

	provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company shall not give, whether directly or indirectly and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of, or in connection with, a purchase or subscription made or to be made, by any person of or for any share in the Company or in its holding Company. UNDERWRITING				
	ONDERWRITING				
30	Subject to the provisions of Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company may at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares or debentures or debenture stock in the Company, or procuring, or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares, debentures or debenture-stock of the Company, but so that the commission shall not exceed in the case of shares five per cent	Commission may be Paid			
	of the price at which the shares are issued and in the case of debentures two and a half percent of the price at which the debentures are issued. Such commission shall be paid either out of the proceeds of the issue or the profit of the Company or both. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any commission payable as aforesaid may be satisfied by payment of cash or by allotment of fully or partly paid shares or debentures as the case may be or partly in one way and partly in the other.				
31	Where the Company has paid any sum by way of commission in respect of any shares or debentures such statement thereof shall be made in the Annual Return as required by Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013.	Commission to be included in the Annual Return			
	INTEREST OUT OF CAPITAL				
32	Where any shares are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings, or the provisions of any plant, which cannot be made profitable for a lengthy period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up, for the period, at the rate and subject to the conditions and restrictions provided by the Act, and may charge the same to Capital as part of the cost of construction of the work or building or the provisions of the plant.	Interest out of Capital			
	CALLS	•			
33	Subject to the provisions of Section 49 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors may, from time to time, by a Resolution passed at a meeting (and not by a Circular Resolution), make such calls as it thinks fit upon the members in respect of all monies unpaid on the shares held by them (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium), and not by conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed time. Each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person or persons andat the time and place appointed by the Board of Directors. A call may be made payable by installments. A call may be postponed or revoked as the Board may determine.	Directors may make Calls			
34	At least fourteen days' notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time or times and place of payment, and the person or persons to whom such call shall be paid.	Notice of Calls			
35	A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorising such call was passed at a meeting of the Board of Directors and may be made payable by the members whose names appear on the Register of Members on such date or at the discretion of the Directors on such subsequent date as shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.	Call to date from Resolution			
36	The Board of Directors may, from time to time at its discretion,	Directors may extend			

	extend the time fixed for the payment of any call, and may extend such times as to all or any of the members who on account of residence at a distance or other cause, the Board of Directors may deem fairly entitled to such extension; but no member shall be entitled to such extension as of right except as a matter of grace and favour.	Time
37	If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise any amount is or becomes payable at any fixed time or by installments at fixed times (whether on account of the nominal amount of the shares or by way of premium) every such amount or installment shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Directors and of which due notice has been given and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls shall apply to such amount or installment accordingly.	Amount payable at fixed time or by installments to be treated as calls
38	If the sum payable in respect of any call or installment be not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof the holder for the time being or allottee of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made or the installment shall be due, shall pay interest on the same at such rates as may be fixed by the Board of Directors from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment but the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.	When interest on call or installment payable
39	On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any member or his legal representatives for the recovery of any monies claimed to be due to the Company for any call in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered is entered in the Register of Members as the holder or as one of the holders of the shares at or subsequent to the date at which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due, on the shares in respect of which such money is sought to be recovered that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book and that notice of such call was duly given to the member or his legal representatives sued in pursuance of these Articles and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of Directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matter whatsoever and the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.	Evidence in actions by Company against shareholders
40	Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for the calls or other monies due in respect of any shares nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall, from time to time, be due from any member to the Company in respect of his share, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.	Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture
41	The Board of Directors may, if it thinks fit, agree to and receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the amount due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for and upon the monies so paid in advance or so much thereof from time to time as exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon shares in respect of which such advances are made, the Board of Directors may pay or allow interest, at such rate not exceeding, unless the Company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, nine per cent per annum as the member paying the sum in advance and the Board of Directors agree upon. The Board of Directors may agree to repay at any time any amount so advanced or may at any time repay the same upon giving to such members three months' notice in writing. The member paying any such sum in advance shall not be entitled to dividend or to	Payment in anticipation of calls may carry interest

		participate in the profits of the Company or to voting rights in respect of the monies so paid by him until the same would, but for such payment, become presently payable. Provided however and notwithstanding the aforesaid and subject to applicable law, the Company may pay dividends in proportion to the amount paid up on each share.	
10	1	LIEN	
42		The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all shares (other than fully paid up shares) registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof, for all monies (whether presently payable or not), called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares and no equitable interests in any such share shall be created except upon the footings and condition that this Article is to have full legal effect. Any such lien shall extend to all dividends from time to time declared in respect of shares.	Company to have lien on shares
		PROVIDED THAT the Board of Directors may, at any time, declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article.	
43		The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien for the purpose of enforcing the same. PROVIDED THAT no sale shall be made:- (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after the notice in writing demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as in presently payable has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency. For the purpose of such sale the Board may cause to be issued a duplicate certificate in respect of such shares and may authorise out of their members to execute a transfer thereof on behalf of and in the name of such members.	As to enforcing lien by sale
44	(1)	To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.	Transfer of shares sold under lien
	(2)	The Purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.	
	(3)	The Purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.	
45	(1)	The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable; and	Application of proceeds of sale
	(2)	The residue, if any, shall be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed on the share before the sale). FORFEITURE OF SHARES	
		FORFEITORE OF SHARES	
46		If any member fails to pay any call or any installment of a call on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, the Board of Directors may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the call for installment remains unpaid, give notice to him requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.	If money payable on share not paid notice to be given to member
47		For the purpose of the provisions of these presents relating to forfeiture of shares, the sum payable upon allotment in respect of a	If call or installment not paid, notice may

	share shall be deemed to be a call payable upon such share on the day of allotment.	be given
48	The notice shall name a day (not being less than fourteen days from the date of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or installment and such interest thereon at such rate and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of the non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or installment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.	Form of notice
49	If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, every or any share in respect of which such notice has been given, may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a Resolution of the Board of Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other monies payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.	If default of payment, shares to be forfeited
50	When any share shall have so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Member, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make any such entry as aforesaid.	Notice of forfeiture to a member
51	Any share so forfeited, shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, either to the original holder or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Board of Directors shall think fit. The Board may decide to cancel such shares.	Forfeited share to be the property of the Company and may be sold etc.
52	Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company on demand all calls, installments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture together with interest thereon from the time of the forfeiture until payment, at such rate not exceeding twelve per cent per annum as the Board of Directors may determine and the Board of Directors may enforce the payment of such monies or any part thereof, if it thinks fit, but shall not be under any obligation so to do.	Member still liable to pay money owing at the time of forfeiture and interest
53	The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction at the time of the forfeiture, of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.	Effect of forfeiture
54	The Board of Directors may at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture thereof upon such conditions as it thinks fit.	Power to annul Forfeiture
55 (A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director, the Managing Director or the Manager or Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited in accordance with these Articles, on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;	Validity of forfeiture
(2	The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or other disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;	
	The person to whom such share is sold, re-allotted or disposed off shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the shares; Any such purchaser or allottee shall not (unless by express agreement) be liable to pay any calls, amounts, installments, interest and expenses owing to the Company prior to such purchase or allotment nor shall be entitled (unless by express	

		agreement) to any of the dividends, interest or bonuses accrued or	
		which might have accrued upon the share before the time of	
	(5)	completing such purchase or before such allotment;	
	(5)	Such purchaser or allottee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the	
		share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the	
		proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or	
		other disposal of the share.	
56		The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the	Provision of these Articles as
		case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a	to forfeiture to apply in case of
		share becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the	nonpayment of any sum
		nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.	
57		Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions	Cancellation of share
		of the preceding Articles, the Certificates originally issued in	certificates in respect of
		respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on	forfeited shares
		demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by	
		the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void	
		and of no effect, and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a new certificate or certificates in respect of the said shares to the persons	
		entitled thereto.	
58		The Directors may, subject to the provisions of the Companies	Surrender of shares
		Act, 2013, accept a surrender of any share from or for any member	
		desirous of surrendering on such terms as they think fit.	
		TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARI	ES
59		The Company shall keep a "Register of Transfers" and shall have	Register of Transfers
		recorded therein fairly and distinctly particulars of every transfer	
		or transmission of any share and debenture held in material form.	
60		In the case of transfer and transmission of shares or other	Transfer and Transmission of
		marketable securities where the Company has not issued any	Shares and Securities held in
		certificates and where such shares or securities are being held in any electronic and fungible form in a Depository, the provisions of	electronic form
		the Depositories Act, 1996 shall apply.	
60A		The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in the prescribed	Form of Transfer
		form and in accordance with the requirements of Section 56 of the	
		Companies Act, 2013.	
61	(1)	An application for the registration and transfer of the shares in the	
	(2)	Company may be made either by the transferor or the transferee.	
	(2)	Whether the application is made by the transferor and relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered unless the	
		Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the	
		transferee makes no objection to the transfer within two weeks	
		from the receipt of the notice.	
	(3)	For the purpose of sub-clause (2), above, notice to the transferee	
		shall be deemed to have been duly given if it is despatched by	
		prepaid registered post to the transferee at the address given in the instrument of transfer and shall be deemed to have been duly	
		delivered at the time at which it would have been delivered in the	
		ordinary course of post.	
62		Every such instrument of transfer duly stamped shall be executed	To be executed by transferor
		by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee and	and transferee
		attested and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of	
		such shares until the name of the transferee shall have been entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.	
63		A transfer of a share in the Company of a deceased member	Transfer by legal
		thereof made by his legal representative shall, although the legal	Representative legal
		representative is not himself a member, be as valid as if he had	_
		been a member at the time of the execution to the instrument of	
		transfer.	

64		The Board of Directors may, after giving not less than seven days' previous notice by advertisement as required by Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013 or such lesser period as may be specified by	Transfer books when Closed
		the Securities Exchange Board of India close the Transfer Books, the Register of Members or the Register of Debenture-holders at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding thirty days at a time and not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year as it may seem expedient to the Board.	
65	(a)	Subject to the provisions of Sections 58 of the Companies Act, 2013, or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force, the Directors may, at any time, in their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of any share for sufficient cause and in particular may so decline in any case in which the Company has a lien upon the shares desired to be transferred or any call or installment regarding any of them remains unpaid. The registration of a transfer shall be conclusive evidence of the approval of the Directors of the transferee.	Directors may refuse to register transfers
		PROVIDED THAT registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except in a lien on shares.	
	(b)	No share shall in any circumstances be transferred to any minor, insolvent or person of unsound mind, unless represented by a guardian.	
66		If the Company refuses to register the transfer of any securities or transmission of any right therein, the Company shall within thirty days from the date on which the instrument of transfer or intimation of transmission was lodged with the Company send notice of refusal along with sufficient cause to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of the transmission, as the case may be, and thereupon the provisions of Section 58 of the Companies Act, 2013, or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force shall apply.	Notice of refusal to be given to transferor and transferee
67		In case of the death of any one or more persons named in the Register of Members as the joint holders of any share, the survivor or survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.	Death of one or more joint-holders of shares
68		Except where a deceased member had made a nomination in respect of the shares held (in which case such shares shall be dealt with in the manner prescribed by the Act and the Rules thereunder), the executors or administrators of a deceased member or the holder of a succession certificate or the legal representatives in respect of the shares of a deceased member (not being one of two or more joint holders) shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the shares registered in the names of such member, and the Company shall not be bound to recognise such executors or administrators or holders of a succession certificate of the legal representative unless such executors or administrators or legal representatives shall have first obtained Probate or Letters of Administration, or Succession Certificate as the case may be, from a duly constituted Court in the Union of India provided that in any case where the Board of Directors in its absolute discretion thinks fit, the Board upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Directors may deem proper dispense with production of Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate and register under Article 71 the name of any person who claims to be absolutely entitled to the shares standing in the name of the deceased member, as a	Titles to shares of deceased member

	member.	
69	Subject to the provisions of Articles 68 and 69 any person becoming entitled to any share in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy or insolvency of any member or by and lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these Articles, may with the consent of the Board of Directors (which it shall not be under obligation to give) upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under these Articles, or of his title, as the Board of Directors shall require and upon giving such indemnity as the Directors shall require, either be registered as a member in respect of such shares or elect to have some person nominated by him and approved by the Board of Directors registered as a member in respect of such shares PROVIDED NEVERTHELESS that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing in favour of his nominee as instrument of transfer in accordance with the provision herein contained, and until he does so, he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of such shares. This clause is herein referred to as "THE TRANSMISSION CLAUSE".	Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer (Transmission Clause)
70	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors shall have the same right to refuse to register a person entitled by transmission to any share or his nominee as if he were the transferee named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.	Refusal to register Nominee
71	The Company shall be entitled to decline to register more than four persons as the holders of any share.	Directors entitled to refuse to register more than four joint holders
72	A person entitled to a share by transmission shall subject to the right of the Directors to retain such dividends or money as hereinafter provided, be entitled to receive and may give a discharge for any dividends or other monies payable in respect of the share.	Persons entitled may receive dividend without being registered as member
73	Prior to the registration of a transfer, the certificate or certificates of the share or shares to be transferred, and if no such certificate is in existence, the Letter of Allotment of the shares, must be delivered to the Company along with (save as provided in Section 56 of the Act) a properly stamped and executed instrument of transfer, with the date of presentation of the instrument to the proper authorities, duly endorsed thereon.	Conditions of registration of transfer
74	No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, grant of Probate, Succession Certificate and Letters of Administration, Certificates of Death or Marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other documents.	No fee on transfer or Transmission
75	The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof as shown or appearing in the register of members to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer, and may have entered such notice, or referred thereto in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be give to it of any equitable right, title or interest, or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book or the Company, but the Company shall nevertheless, be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice, and give effect thereto if the Board of Directors shall so think fit.	The Company not liable for disregard of a notice prohibiting registration of a transfer

76	The Company shall subject to the payment of the fee prescribed	Copies of Memorandum and
	under Section 17 of the Companies Act,2013, or its statutory	Articles of Association to
	modification for the time being in force, on being so required by a	sent by the Company
	member, send to him with seven days of the requirement, a copy	members
	of each of the following documents as in force for the time being. (a) The Memorandum,	
	(a) The Memoralidum, (b) The Articles, and	
	(c) Every agreement and every resolution referred to in sub-section	
	(1) of Section 117 of the Companies Act, 2013, if and in so	
	far as they have not been embodied in the Memorandum of the	
	Company or these Articles.	
·	BORROWING POWERS	
77	Subject to the provisions of Sections 179 to 180 of the Companies	Power to borrow
	Act, 2013 and of these Articles, the Board of Directors may, from	
	time to time at its discretion, accept deposits from members either	
	in advance of calls or otherwise and generally raise or borrow or	
	secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company from any source PROVIDED HOWEVER	
	of the Company from any source. PROVIDED HOWEVER, where the monies to be borrowed together with the monies already	
	borrowed (apart from temporary loans obtained from the	
	Company's Bankers in the ordinary course of business) exceed the	
	aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free	
	reserves (not being reserves set apart for any specific purpose) the	
	Board of Directors shall not borrow such money without the	
	sanction of the Company in general meeting. No debt incurred by	
	the Company in excess of the limit imposed by this Article shall	
	be valid or effectual unless the lender proves that he advanced the	
	loan in good faith and without knowledge that the limit imposed	
78	by this Article had been exceeded. The payment or repayment of monies borrowed as aforesaid may	The payment or repayment
76	be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in	monies borrowed
	all respects as the Board of Directors may think fit, and in	momes some wea
	particular in pursuance of a Resolution passed at a meeting of the	
	Board (and not by Circular Resolution) by the issue of debentures	
	of Debenture-Stock of the Company, charged upon all or any part	
	of the property of the Company, (both present and future),	
	including its uncalled capital for the time being, and the	
	debentures and the Debenture-Stock and other securities may be	
	made assignable free from any equities between the Company and	
79	the person to whom the same may be issued.	Terms of issue of
19	Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on	Debentures
	condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any	Debentures
	denomination, and with any privileges and conditions as to	
	redemption, surrender, drawing allotment of shares, attending (but	
	not voting)at general meetings, appointment of Directors and	
	otherwise. Debentures with the right to conversion into or	
	allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the	
	Company in general meeting.	
80	If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged	Mortgage of uncalled
	by any mortgage or other security, the Directors may, subject to	Capital
	the provisions of the Act and these Articles make calls on the	
	members in respect of such uncalled capital in trust for the person	
0.1	in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed.	Donistan - f -1
81	The Board of Directors shall cause a proper register to be kept in	Register of charges etc.to
	accordance with the provisions of Section85 of the Companies	kept
	Act, 2013 of all mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company, and shall cause the	
1	arresting the property of the Company, and shall cause the	İ

		of the Companies Act, 2013, in that behalf to be duly complied	
		with, so far as they are to be complied with by the Company. The	
		Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 79 of the	
		Companies Act, 2013 as regards modification of a charge and its registration with the Registrar.	
82		The Company shall, if at any time it issues debentures, keep a	Register and Index of
02		Register and Index of Debenture Holders in accordance with	Debenture-holders
		Section 88 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company shall have	Descritare notaers
		the power to keep in any State or Country outside India a branch	
		Register of Debenture-holders resident in the State or country.	
		MEETINGS OF MEMBERS	
0.2	(1)		A 1.C 1
83	(1)	The Company shall in each year hold, in addition to any other	Annual General
		meetings, a general meeting as its Annual General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of Sections 96 and 129 of the	Meeting
		Companies Act, 2013 and shall specify the meeting as such in the	
		notice calling it, except in the case where the Registrar, has given	
		an extension of time for holding any annual general meeting and	
		not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one	
		annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next.	
		amount general meeting of the company and that of the new	
		PROVIDED THAT the Registrar may, for any special reason,	
		extend the time within which any annual general meeting shall be	
		held, by a period not exceeding three months.	
	(2)	Every annual general meeting shall be called for any time during	
		business hours, that is, between 9 a.m. and 6 p.m., on any day that	
		is not a National Holiday (as defined under the Companies Act,	
		2013) and shall be held either at the registered office of the	
		Company or at some other place within the city or town or village	
		in which the registered office of the Company is situated for the	
	(2)	time being.	
	(3)	Every member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall have the	
		right to attend and to be heard at any general meeting which he	
		attends on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor.	
84		At every annual general meeting of the Company there shall be	Report, Statement and
		laid on the table the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of	Registers to be laid before the
		Accounts, Auditors' Report (if not already incorporated in the	annual
		Audited Statement of Accounts), the Proxy Register with Proxies,	general meeting
		and the Register of Directors and Key Management Personnel	
		maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013.	
85		All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be	Extra-Ordinary Congress Magazines
86	(1)	called Extra-Ordinary General Meeting. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 92 of	General Meeting Annual Return
80	(1)	the Companies Act, 2013 regarding the filing of Annual Return	Amuai Keturii
		and as regards the annual return and certificates to be annexed	
		thereto.	
	(2)	The Register required to be kept and maintained by the Company	Place of keeping & Inspection
		under Section 88 of the Companies Act,2013 and copies of the	of registers& returns
		annual return filed under Sections 92 of the Companies Act, 2013,	
		shall be kept at the registered office of the Company.	
		PROVIDED THAT such registers or copies of return may, also be	
1		kept at any other place in India in which more than one-tenth of	
		the total number of members entered in the register of members	
		reside, if approved for this purpose by a Special Resolution passed	
		in general meeting of the Company and the Registrar has been	
		given a copy of the proposed Special Resolution in advance.	
	(3)	(a) The registers and their indices, except when they are closed	Inspection
	(-)	under the provisions of the Act, and the copies of all the	r · · · ·
		returns shall be open for inspection by any member, debenture	
		holder or other security holder or beneficial owner, during the	
		·	

		business hours (subject to such reasonable restrictions as the Company may impose) without fee and by any other person on payment of such fees as may be prescribed under the Act and the rules made thereunder. (b) Any such member, debenture-holder, other security holder or beneficial owner or any other person may take extracts from any register, or index or return without payment of any fee or require a copy of any such register or entries therein or return on payment of such fees as may be prescribed under the Act not exceeding ten rupees for each page. Such copy or entries or return shall be supplied within seven days of deposit of such fee.	
	(4)	The Company shall cause any copy required by any person under Clause (b) of sub-clause (3) to be sent to that person within a period of seven days of the deposit of such fees exclusive of non-working days, commencing on the day next after the day on which the requirement is received by the Company.	
87	(1)	Subject to the provisions of Section 111 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors shall on the requisition in writing of such number of members as required in Section 100 of the Companies Act,:- (a) give notice to the members of the Company of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at a meeting; (b) circulate to members, any statement with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.	Circulation of Members' Resolution
	(2)	Subject to the provisions of Section 100 of the Companies Act, 2013, the number of members necessary for a requisition under clause (1) hereof shall be such number or numbers who hold, on the date of receipt of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid-up share capital of the Company as on that date carried the right of voting.	
	(3)	The Company shall not be bound under this Article to give notice of any resolution or to circulate any statement unless: (a) a copy of a requisition signed by the requisitionists (or two or more copies which between them contain the signature of all the requisitionists) is deposited at the registered office of the Company- (i) in the case of a requisition requiring notice of resolution, not less than six weeks before the meeting, (ii) in the case of any other requisition not less than two weeks before the meeting, and (b) there is deposited or tendered with the requisition a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in giving effect thereto.	
		PROVIDED that if after a copy of the requisition requiring notice of a resolution has been deposited at the registered office of the Company, an annual general meeting is called on a date within six weeks after such copy has been deposited, the copy, although not deposited within the time required by this clause, shall be deemed to have been properly deposited for the purpose thereof.	
	(4)	The Company shall not also be bound under this Article to circulate any statement, if, on the application either of the Company or of any other person who claims to be aggrieved, the Central Government by order declares that the rights conferred by this clause are being abused to secure needless publicity for defamatory matter.	
88		The Directors may, whenever they think fit convene an extraordinary general meeting and they shall on requisition of the members as hereinafter provided, call an extraordinary general meeting of the Company within the period specified below.	Extra-ordinary General Meeting by Board and by requisition

89		 In case of requisition the following provisions shall have effect: (1) The requisition shall set out the matters for the consideration of which the meeting is to be called, and shall be signed by the requisitionists and sent to the registered office of the Company. (2) The number of members entitled to requisition an extraordinary general meeting shall be such number of 	Contents of requisition and number of requisitionists required and the conduct of meeting
		members who hold at the date of the receipt of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of such of the paid up capital of the Company as on that date carries the right of voting. (3) If the Board does not, within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of a valid requisition in regard to any matters,	
		proceed duly to call a meeting for the consideration of those matters on a day not later than forty-five days from the date of receipt of the requisition, the meeting may be called and held by the requisitionists themselves within a period of three months from the date of the requisition.	
		 (4) A meeting called under clause (3) by requisitionists shall be called and held in the same manner in which the meeting is called and held by the Board. (5) Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists in 	
		calling a meeting under sub-clause (3) shall be reimbursed to the requisitionists by the Company, and any sums so paid shall be deducted from any fee or other remuneration under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 payable to such of the Directors who were in default in calling the meeting.	
90		A general meeting of the Company may be called by giving not less than clear twenty-one days' notice either in writing or through electronic mode in such manner as may be prescribed by the Act and the rules made thereunder. Provided that a general meeting may be called after giving a shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than ninety-five per cent of the members entitled to vote at such meeting.	Length of notice of Meeting
91	(1)	Every notice of a meeting of the Company shall specify the place, date, day and hour of the meeting and shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted thereat.	Contents and manner of service of notice
	(2)	The notice of every meeting shall be given to: (a) every member of the Company, legal representative of any deceased member or the assignee of an insolvent member; (b) the Auditor or Auditors for the time being of the Company; and (c) every Director of the Company.	
	(3)	In every notice calling a meeting of the Company, there shall appear with reasonable prominence a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy, or, where that is allowed, one or more proxies, to attend and vote instead of himself, and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company.	
92	(1)	 (a) In the case of an annual general meeting, all business to be transacted at the meeting, shall be deemed special with the exception of business relating to: (i) The consideration of financial statements and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors; (ii) The declaration of any dividend; (iii) The appointment of Directors in the place of those retiring; and (iv) The appointment of, and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors 	Special and ordinary business and explanatory statement
	(2)	(b) In the case of any other meeting, all business shall be deemed special;PROVIDED that where any item of special business to be	
		transacted at a meeting of the Company relates to or affects any	

		other Company, the extent of shareholding interest in that other	
		Company of every promoter, Director, manager, if any, and of	
		every other key managerial personnel of the Company shall, if the	
		extent of such shareholding interest is not less than two per cent of	
		the paid-up share capital of that Company, also beset out in the	
		statement.	
	(3)	Where any item of business refers to any document which is to be	
		considered by the meeting, the time and place where the document	
		can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.	
93		Any accidental omission to give any such notice as aforesaid to or	Omission to give notice not to
		the non-receipt thereof by any member or other person who is	invalidate are solution passed
		entitled to such notice for any meeting shall not invalidate the	
		proceedings of any such meeting.	
94		No general meeting, annual or extra-ordinary, shall be competent	Notice of business to
		to enter upon, discuss or transact any business which has not been	be given
		mentioned in the notice or notices convening the meeting.	
95		The number of members prescribed under Section 103 of the	Quorum
		Companies Act, 2013 and entitled to vote and present in person	
1		shall be a quorum for general meeting and no business shall be	
1		transacted at the general meeting unless the quorum requisite be	
1		present at the commencement of the meeting. A body corporate	
		being a member shall be deemed to be personally present if it is	
		represented in accordance with Section113 of the Companies Act, 2013. The President of India or the Governor of a State, if he is a	
		<u> </u>	
		member of the Company, shall be deemed to be personally present if he is represented in accordance with Section 112 of the	
		Companies Act, 2013.	
96	(1)	If within half an hour from the time appointed for holding a	Presence of quorum
90	(1)	meeting of the Company the quorum is not present,	resence of quorum
		(a) the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next	
		week at the same time and place or to such other day and at	
		such other time and place as the Board may determine; or	
		(b) the meeting, if called by requisitionists in accordance with	
		Section 100 of the Companies Act, 2013, shall stand cancelled.	
		Provided that in case of an adjourned meeting or of a change of	
		day, time or place of meeting under sub clause (a), the	
		Company shall give not less than three days' notice to the	
		members either individually or by publishing an advertisement	
		in the newspapers (one in English and one in vernacular	
		language) which is in circulation at the place where the	
		registered office of the Company is situated.	
	(2)	If at the adjourned meeting also a quorum is not present within	
1		half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the	
		members present shall be the quorum and may transact the	
		business for which the meeting was called.	
97		Where a resolution is passed at an adjourned meeting of the	Resolution passed at adjourned
1		Company, the resolution shall for all purposes be treated as having	meeting
		been passed on the date on which it was in fact passed and shall	
		not be deemed to have been passed on any earlier date.	
98		The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be entitled to take	Chairman of General Meeting
1		the chair at every general meeting, or if there be no such	
1		Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within	
1		fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting,	
1		or shall decline to take the chair, the Directors present shall elect	
1		one of them as Chairman and if no Director be present or if the	
1		Directors present decline to take the chair, then the members	
1		present shall elect one of their members to be a Chairman. If a poll	
1		is demanded on the election of the Chairman it shall be taken	
		forthwith in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the	
1		Chairman elected on show of hands shall exercise all the powers	
		of the Chairman under the said provisions. If some other person is	
		elected as a result of the poll he shall be the Chairman for the rest	

		of the meeting.	
		The Chairman may, at the same time, be appointed as Managing Director or Deputy Managing Director or Whole Time Director or Chief Executive Officer of the Company.	
99		No business shall be discussed at any general meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.	Business confined to election of Chairman whilst chair vacant
100	(1)	The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time from place to place.	Chairman may Adjourn Meeting
	(2)	No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.	
101		At any general meeting, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall unless a poll is demanded under Section109 of the Companies Act, 2013, or the voting is carried out electronically, be decided on a show of hands.	Voting to be by show of hands in the first instance
102		A declaration by the Chairman that on a show of hands, a resolution has or has not been carried either unanimously or by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the books containing the minutes of the proceeding of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact of passing of such resolution, or otherwise, without proof of the number of proportion of votes in favour or against such resolution.	Chairman's declaration of result of voting on show of hands
103	(1)	Before or on the declaration of result of voting on any resolution on a show of hands, a poll may be ordered to be taken by the Chairman of the meeting on his own motion and shall be ordered to be taken by him on a demand made in that behalf by the members present in person or by proxy, where allowed, and having not less than one-tenth of the total voting power or holding shares on which an aggregate sum of not less than five lac rupees or such higher amount as may be prescribed has been paid-up.	Demand for poll
	(2)	The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.	
104		A poll demanded for adjournment of the meeting or appointment of Chairman of the meeting shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any question other than adjournment of the meeting or appointment of a Chairman shall be taken at such time, not being later than forty-eight hours from the time when the demand was made and in such manner and place as the Chairman of the meeting may direct.	Time of taking poll
105		In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall, both on a show of hands and on a poll (if any) have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.	Chairman's casting vote
106		Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint one scrutinizer to scrutinize the vote given on the poll and to report thereon to him. Subject to the provisions of Section 109 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Chairman of the meeting shall have power to regulate the manner in which the poll shall be taken and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution on which the poll was taken.	Scrutinizers at poll
107		The demand for a poll except on the question of the election of the Chairman and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.	Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business
108		Subject to the provisions of Section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 and these Articles, and as may be applicable by law, the Company shall, in respect of such items of business as the Central	Vote by Postal Ballot

	Government may, by notification, declare to be transacted only by means of postal ballot; and may, in respect of any item of business, other than ordinary business and any business in respect of which Directors or Auditors have a right to be heard at any meeting, transact by means of postal ballot, in such manner as may be prescribed, instead of transacting such business at a General Meeting.	
109	A copy of each of every resolutions or agreement in respect of the following matters together with the explanatory statement under Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, if any, annexed to the notice calling the meeting in which such resolution is proposed, shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of the passing or making thereof in such a manner and with such fees as may be prescribed within the time specified under Section 403 of the Companies Act, 2013: (a) Every special resolution. (b) Every resolution which has been agreed to by all members of the Company, but which, if not so agreed to, would not have been effective for the purpose unless it had been passed as a special resolution. (c) Every resolution of the Board of Directors or agreement executed by the Company relating to the appointment, reappointment or renewal of appointment or variation in the terms of appointment of a Managing Director. (d) Every resolution or agreement which has been agreed to by all the members of any class of shareholders but which, if not so agreed to, would not have been effective for the purpose unless it had been passed by a specified majority or otherwise in some particular manner; and every resolution or agreement which effectively binds all the members or any class of shareholders though not agreed to by all those members. (e) Every resolution passed by the Company according consent to the exercise by the Board of Directors of any of the powers under clause (a), and clause (c) of sub-section (1) of the Section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013. (f) Every resolution requiring the Company to be wound up voluntarily passed in pursuance of Section 304of the Companies Act, 2013. (g) Every resolution passed in pursuance of sub-section (3) of Section 179 of the Companies Act, 2013; and (h) Any other resolution or agreement as may be prescribed and placed in the public domain. Provided that the copy of every such resolution which has the effect of altering the Articles and the copy of every agreement referred	Registration of documents with the Registrar
	embodied in or annexed to, every copy of these Articles issued after the passing of the resolution or the making of the agreement.	
	VOTES OF MEMBERS	
110	A member paying the whole or a part of the amount remaining unpaid on any share held by them although no part of that amount has been called up, shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the monies so paid by him until the same would but for such payment become presently payable.	Member paying money in advance not to be entitled to vote in respect thereof
111	No member shall exercise any voting rights in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of lien.	Restriction on exercise of voting rights of members who have paid calls
112	Subject to the provisions of Section 43 and sub-section (2) of Section 50 of the Companies Act, 2013, every member of the Company holding any equity share capital shall have a right to vote on every resolution placed before the Company; and his voting rights on a poll shall be in proportion to his share of the	Number of votes to which member entitled

		paid-up equity share capital of the Company. Every member holding any preference share capital of the Company, shall, in respect of such capital, have the right to vote only on resolutions placed before the Company which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares and any resolution for the winding up of the Company or for the repayment or reduction of its equity or preference share capital and his voting rights on a poll shall be in proportion to his share in the paid up preference share capital of the Company. Provided that the proportion of the voting rights of equity shareholders to the voting rights of the preference shareholders shall be in the same proportion as the paid-up capital in respect of the equity shares bears to the paid-up capital in respect of the preference shares:	
		PROVIDED FURTHER that where the dividend in respect of a class of preference shares has not been paid for a period of two years or more, such class of preference shareholders shall have a right to vote on all the resolutions placed before the Company.	
113		A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his committee or other legal guardian and any such committee or guardian may on a poll, vote by proxy.	Vote of member of unsound mind
114		If there be joint registered holders of any shares any one of such persons may vote at any meeting personally or by an agent duly authorised under a Power of Attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares, as if he were solely entitled thereto but the proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting, and, if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting either personally or by agent or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present who stands higher on the register shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint holder shall be entitled to be present at the meeting; provided always that a person present at any meeting personally shall be entitled to vote in preference to a person present by an agent duly authorised under a Power of Attorney or by proxy although the name of such person present by agent or proxy stands first or higher in the Register in respect of such shares. Several executors or administrators or a deceased member in whose name shares stand shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joint holders thereof.	Votes of joint members
115		A body corporate (whether a Company within the meaning of the Act or not) may, (a) if it is member of the Company by a resolution of its board of Directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company, or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company;	Representation of body Corporate
		(b) if it is a creditor, (including a holder of debentures of the Company) by a resolution of its Directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of any creditors of the Company held in pursuance of the Act or of any rules made thereunder, or in pursuance of the provisions contained in any debenture or trust deed, as the case may be.	
	(2)	A person authorised by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and power (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body could exercise if it were an individual member, creditor or holder of debentures of the Company.	
116		Where the President of India or the Governor of a State is a member of the Company, the President or, as the case may be, the Governor may appoint such person as he thinks fit, to act as his	Representation of President and Governors in meetings

	representative at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company and such a person shall be deemed to be a member of the Company and shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers, including the right to vote by proxy, as the President, or as the case may be, the Governor could exercise as a member of the Company.	
117	Any person entitled under the Transmission Clause to transfer any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he was the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his rights to transfer such shares and give such indemnity(if any) as the Directors may require unless the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.	Votes in respect of deceased or insolvent Members
118	Subject to the provisions of these Articles vote may be given either personally or by proxy.	Voting in person or by Proxy
119	On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company a member entitled to more than one vote or his proxy, or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.	Rights of members to use his votes differently
120	Subject to the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder, any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself Provided that a proxy so appointed shall not have the right to speak at the meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll. PROVIDED FURTHER that a person appointed as proxy shall act on behalf of such number of members not exceeding fifty and such number of shares as may be prescribed. Every notice convening a	Proxies
	meeting of the Company shall state that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies and that the proxy need not be a member.	
121	An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for the purposes of a particular meeting specified in the instrument and any adjournment thereof or it may appoint for the purposes of every meeting to be held before a date specified in the instrument and every adjournment of any such meeting. No member present only by proxy shall be entitled to vote on a	Proxy either for specified meeting or for a period No proxy except for the
	show of hands.	corporation to vote on a show of hands
123	The instrument appointing a proxy and the Power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that Power of Attorney or authority, shall be deposited at the office forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meetings at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution.	Deposit of instrument of appointment
124	Every instrument of proxy whether for specified meeting or otherwise shall, as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in the form set out in the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (or any corresponding amendment or modification thereof that may be prescribed).	Form of proxy
125	Every member entitled to vote at a meeting of the Company according to the provisions of these Articles on any resolution to be moved thereat, shall be entitled during the period beginning twenty-four hours before the time fixed for the commencement of the meeting, and ending with the conclusion of the meeting, to	Inspection of proxies

	inspect proxies lodged, at any time during the business hours of	
	the Company provided not less than three days 'notice in writing	
	of the intention so as to inspect is given to the Company.	
126	A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of	Validity of votes given by
	proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity	proxy notwithstanding
	of the principal, or revocation of the proxy or of any Power of	revocation of authority
	Attorney or authority under which such proxy was signed, or the	
	transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided	
	that no intimation in writing of the death, revocation or transfer	
	shall have been received at the office before the commencement of	
	the meeting, or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.	
127	No objection shall be made to the qualification of any vote or to	Time for objections to vote
	the validity of the vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting	
	at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote,	
	whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such	
	meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made	
	in due time shall be referred to the Chairman of the Meeting.	
128	The Chairman of any meeting shall be sole judge of every vote	Chairman of any meeting to be
	tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a	the Judge of validity of any
	poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at	vote
	such poll.	
129	If any such instrument of appointment be confined to the object of	Custody of instrument
	appointing an attorney or proxy for voting at meetings of the	
	Company it shall remain permanently or for such time as the	
	Directors may determine, in the custody of the Company. If	
	embracing other objects, copy thereof examined with the original	
	shall be delivered to the Company to remain in the custody of the	
	Company.	
	DIRECTORS	I
130	Until otherwise determined by a general meeting of the Company	Number of Directors
	and subject to the provisions of Section149 and 151 of the	
	Companies Act, 2013, the number of Directors shall not be less	
	than 3 and not more than 15 and the manner of constituting the	
	Board shall be as prescribed under the Act and as may be directed	
	by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.	
131	The First Directors of the Company are:	Directors
	Mr. Mahesh Shakarchand Shah	
	2. Mr. Harshad Ramanlal Shah	
	3. Mr. Bipinbhai Shantilal Shah	
	4. Mr. Rajnikant Chimanlal Shah	
	5. Mr. Vaghjibhai Khetshibhai Mehta	
132	Any Trust Deed for securing and covering the issue of debentures	Debenture Directors
132	or debenture stocks of the Company, may provide for the	Descriture Directors
	appointment, from time to time, by the Trustees thereof or by the	
	holders of debentures or debenture stocks, of some person to be a	
	Director of the Company for and on behalf of the debenture	
	holders for such period for which the debentures or any of them	
	shall remain outstanding and may empower such Trustees or	
	holder of debentures or debenture stocks, from time to time, to	
	remove and reappoint any Director so appointed. The Director	
	appointed under this Article is herein referred to as "Debenture	
	Director" and the term "Debenture Director" means the Director	
	for the time being in office under this Article. The Debenture	
	Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation or be removed by	
	the Company. The Trust Deed may contain such ancillary	
	provision as may be agreed between the Company and the	
	Trustees and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding	
100	any of the other provisions herein contained.	N . D:
133	Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these	Nominee Directors
	Articles so long as any monies remain owing by the Company to	İ
1	Articles, so long as any monies remain owing by the Company to	
	(i) the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC), (ii) the	

Infrastructure Development Finance Company Limited, (iii) specified Company referred to in the Unit Trust of India (Transfer of Undertaking and Repeal) Act, 2002, (iv) institutions notified by the Central Government under sub-section (2) of Section 4Aof the Companies Act, 1956, (v) such other institutions as may be notified by the Central Government in consultation with the Reserve Bank of India, or (vi) any other bank or entity providing financing facilities to the Company (each of the above is hereinafter in this Article referred to as "the Corporation") out of any loans/debentures assistance granted by them to the Company or so long as the Corporation holds or continues to hold Debentures/Shares in the Company as a result of underwriting or by direct subscription or private placement, or so long as any liability of the Company arising out of any guarantee furnished by the Corporation on behalf of the Company remains outstanding, the Corporation shall have a right to appoint from time to time, any person or persons as a Director or Directors, whole-time or non-whole-time (which Director or Directors, is/are hereinafter referred to as "Nominee Director/s") on the Board of the Company and to remove from such office any person or persons so appointed and to appoint any person or persons in his or their place/s. The Board of Directors of the Company shall have no power to remove from office the Nominee Director/s. At the option of the Corporation such Nominee Director/s shall not be required to hold any share qualification in the Company. Also at the option of the Corporation such Nominee Director/s shall not be liable to retirement by rotation of Directors. Subject as aforesaid, the Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to the same obligations as any other Director of the Company. The Nominee Director/s so appointed shall hold the said office only so long as any monies remain owing by the Company to the Corporation or so long as the Corporation holds or continues to hold Debentures/Shares in the Company as a result of underwriting or by direct subscription or private placement or the liability of the Company arising out of the guarantee is outstanding and the Nominee Director/s so appointed in exercise of the said power shall, ipso facto, vacate such office immediately the monies owing by the Company to the Corporation are paid off or on the Corporation ceasing to hold Debentures/Shares in the Company or on the satisfaction of the liability of the Company arising out of the guarantee furnished by the Corporation. The Nominee Director/s appointed under this Article shall be entitled to receive all notices of and attend all General Meetings, Board Meetings and of the Meetings of the Committee of which the Nominee Director/sis/are member/s as also the minutes of such Meetings. The Corporation shall also be entitled to receive all such notices and minutes. The Company shall pay to the Nominee Director/s sitting fees and expenses to which the other Directors of the Company are entitled but if any other fees, commission, monies or remuneration in any form is payable to the Directors of the Company, the fees, commission, monies and remuneration in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall accrue to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation. Any expenses that may be incurred by the Corporation or such Nominee Director/s in connection with their appointment or Directorship shall also be paid or reimbursed by the Company to the Corporation or as the case may be, to such Nominee Director/s.

Provided that if any such Nominee Director/s is an officer of the Corporation, the sitting fees, in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall also accrue to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation.

	Provided further that in the event of any remuneration payable to the Nominee Director/s, by way of commission, salary or perquisites (other than sitting fees and reimbursement of actual expenses incurred by them in attending to Company's work) such remuneration shall be paid only with the prior approval of the Central Government under Section 309/310 of the Companies Act, 1956. Provided further that in the event of the Nominee Director/s being appointed as Managing Director/Whole Time Director/s, such Nominee Director/s shall exercise such powers and duties as may be approved by the Corporation and have such rights as are usually exercised or available to a Whole Time Director in the management of the affairs of the Company. Such Whole Time Directors shall be entitled to receive such remuneration, fees, commission and monies as may be approved by the Corporation.	
	Provided further that the appointment of Nominee Director/s as Managing/Whole Time Director/s, as aforesaid, is subject to the provisions of Sections 203 and 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and any other applicable provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder.	
134	In connection with any collaboration arrangement with any Company or corporation or any firm or person for supply of technical know-how and/or machinery or technical advice, the Directors may authorise such Company, corporation, firm or person (hereinafter referred to as "Collaborator") to appoint from time to time any person as a Director of the Company (hereinafter referred to as "Special Director") and subject to the provisions of the Act, may agree that such Special Directors shall not be liable to retire by rotation so however that Special Director shall hold office so long as such collaboration arrangement remains in force. The Collaborator may at any time and from time to time remove such Special Director appointed by it and may at any time after such removal and also in the case of death or resignation of the person so appointed, at anytime nominate any other person as a Special Director in his place and such nomination or removal shall be made in writing signed by the collaborator, his authorised representative and shall be delivered to the Company at its registered office. It is clarified that every collaborator entitled to appoint a Director under this Article may appoint one such person as a Director and so that if more than one collaborator is so entitled there may be at any time as many Special Directors as the number of Collaborators eligible to make the appointment.	Special Directors
135	The provisions of Articles 132, 133, 134 and 135 are subject to the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the number of such Directors appointed under Articles 133, 134, 135 and 170 shall not exceed in the aggregate one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being in office. However, the Independent Director appointed under Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 will not be considered for the purpose of calculating the total number of Directors liable for retirement by rotation and term of such Independent Director shall be as provided under Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013.	Limit on number of retiring Directors
136	The Board may appoint a person, not being a person holding any alternate Directorship for any other Director in the Company (hereinafter called the Original Director) to act as an Alternate Director for the Original Director during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. Provided that no person shall be appointed as an Alternate Director for an Independent Director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent Director under the provisions of the Act. Every such Alternate	Appointment of Alternate Director

	Director, shall subject to his giving to the Company an address in India at which notice may be served on him, be entitled to notice of meeting of Directors and to attend and vote as a Director and be counted for the purposes of a quorum and generally at such meetings to have and exercise all the powers and duties and authorities of the Original Director. The Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall vacate office as and when the Original Director is determined before he returns to India, any provision in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic reappointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.	
137	The Directors shall have power at anytime and from time to time to appoint any qualified person to be a Director to fill a casual vacancy. Such casual vacancy shall be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board. Any person so appointed shall retain his office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office, if it had not been vacated as aforesaid but he shall then be eligible for reelection.	Directors may fill Vacancies
138	The Directors shall also have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person, other than a person who fails to get appointed as a Director in a general meeting of the Company, to be an Additional Director who shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting or the last date on which the annual general meeting should have been held, whichever is earlier.	Additional Director
139	A Director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares. The remuneration payable to a non-whole-time-Director for attending each meeting of the Board or a Committee thereof shall be such sum as may be fixed by the Board of Directors not exceeding the maximum as may be prescribed by the Act (and the rules made thereunder), SEBI, or by the Central Government. The Directors, subject to the sanction of the Central Government (if any required), may be paid such further remuneration as the Company in general meeting shall, from time to time, determine and such further remuneration shall be divided among the Directors in such proportion and manner as the Board may from time to time determine; and in default of such determination shall be divided among the Directors equally.	Qualification of Directors Remuneration of Directors
141	Subject to the provisions of Sections 197 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder, if any Director, being willing shall be called upon to perform extra services (which expression shall include work done by a Director as a member of any committee formed by the Directors or in relation to signing share certificates) or to make special exertions in going or residing out of his usual place of residence or otherwise for any of the purposes of the Company, the Company shall remunerate the Director so doing either by fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and such remuneration may be, either in addition to or in substitution for his share in the remuneration above provided.	Extra remuneration to Directors for special Work
142	The Board of Directors may subject to the limitations provided by the Act allow and pay to any Directors who attends a meeting at a place other than his usual place or residence for the purpose of attending a meeting, such sum as the Board may consider fair compensation for travelling, hotel and other incidental expenses properly incurred by him, in addition to his fee for attending such meeting as above specified.	Travelling expenses incurred by Directors on Company's Business
143	The Continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if and as long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by these Articles for a meeting of the Board of	Directors may act notwithstanding vacancy

		Directors, the Continuing Directors may act for the purpose of filling vacancies to increase the number of Directors to that fixed for the quorum or for summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.	
144	(1)	Subject to the provisions of Section 164 and 165 of the Companies Act, 2013, a person shall not be capable of being appointed Director of the Company, if – (a) he is of unsound mind and stands so declared by a Court of competent jurisdiction;	Disqualification for appointment of Directors
		(b) he is an undischarged insolvent;	
		(c) he has applied to be adjudged an insolvent and his application is pending;	
		(d) he has been convicted by a court of any offence involving moral turpitude or otherwise, and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months and a period of five years has not elapsed from the date of expiry of the sentence;	
		Provided that if a person has been convicted of any offence and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for a period of seven years or more, he shall not be eligible to be appointed as a Director of the Company.	
		(e) he has not paid any call in respect of shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others, and six months have elapsed from the last day fixed for the payment of the call;	
		(f) he has been convicted of the offence dealing with related party transactions under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 at any time during the last preceding five years; or(g) he has not complied with sub-section (3) of Section 152 of the	
	(2)	Companies Act, 2013. No person who is or has been a Director of a Company, where the	
		Company— (a) has not filed financial statements or annual returns for any	
		continuous period of three financial years; or (b) has failed to repay the deposits accepted by it or pay interest	
		thereon or to redeem any debentures on the due date or pay	
		interest due thereon or pay any dividend declared and such failure to pay or redeem continues for one year or more, shall	
		be eligible to be re-appointed as a Director of that Company or appointed in other Company for a period of five years from	
145	(1)	the date on which the said Company fails to do so. Subject to the provisions of Section 167 of the Companies Act, 2013, the office of a Director shall become vacant if:	Vacation of office by Directors
		(a) he incurs any of the disqualifications specified in Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013;	Birectors
		(b) he absents himself from all the meetings of the Board of Directors held during a period of twelve months with or without seeking leave of absence of the Board;	
		(c) he acts in contravention of the provisions of Section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to entering into contracts or	
		arrangements in which he is directly or indirectly interested;	
		(d) he fails to disclose his interest in any contract or arrangement in which he is directly or indirectly interested, in	
		contravention of the provisions of Section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013;	
		(e) he becomes disqualified by an order of a court or the Tribunal;	
		(f) he is convicted by a court of any offence, whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months:	

		Provided that the office shall be vacated by the Director even if he	
		has filed an appeal against the order of such court;	
		(g) he is removed in pursuance of the provisions of the Act;	
		(h) he, having been appointed a Director by virtue of his holding	
		any office or other employment in the holding, subsidiary or	
		associate Company, ceases to hold such office or other	
		employment in that Company.	
146	(a)	The Company may (subject to the provisions of Section 169 and	Removal of Directors
		other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and these	
		Articles) by ordinary resolution remove any Director before the	
		expiry of his period of office.	
		Provided that nothing contained in this sub-clause shall apply	
		where the Company has availed itself of the option given to it	
		under Section 163 of the Companies Act, 2013, to appoint not less	
		than two-thirds of the total number of Directors according to the	
		principle of proportional representation.	
	(b)	Special notice shall be required of any resolution to remove a	
		Director under this Article or to appoint some other person in	
		place of a Director so removed at the meeting at which he is	
	/ \	removed.	
	(c)	On receipt of notice of a resolution to remove a Director under this	
		Article, the Company shall forthwith send a copy thereof to the	
		Director concerned and the Director (whether or not he is a	
		member of the Company) shall be entitled to be heard on the resolution at the meeting.	
	(d)	Where notice is given of a resolution to remove a Director under	
	(4)	this Article and the Director concerned makes with respect thereto	
		representations in writing to the Company and requests its	
		notification to members of the Company, the Company shall, if the	
		time permits it to do so - (a) in the notice of the resolution given to	
		the members of the Company, state the fact of the representations	
		having been made, and (b) send a copy of the representations to	
		every member of the Company to whom notice of the meeting is	
		sent (before or after the receipt of the representations by the	
		Company) and if a copy of the representations is not sent as	
		aforesaid because they were received too late or because of the	
		Company's default, the Director may (without prejudice to his	
		right to be heard orally) require that the representations shall be	
		read out at the meeting:	
		Provided that copies of the representations need not be sent or read	
		out at the meeting if on the application either of the Company or of	
		any other person who claims to be aggrieved, the Tribunal is satisfied that the rights conferred by this sub-clause are being	
		abused to secure needless publicity for defamatory matter, and the	
		Tribunal may order the Company's costs on the application to be	
		paid in whole or in part by the Director notwithstanding that he is	
		not a party to it.	
	(e)	A vacancy created by the removal of a Director under this Article	
		may, if he had been appointed by the Company in General	
		Meeting or by the Board be filled by the appointment of another	
		Director in his stead at the meeting at which he is removed;	
		Provided special notice of the intended appointment has been	
		given. A Director so appointed shall hold office till the date up to	
		which his predecessor would have held office if he had not been	
		removed as aforesaid.	
	(f)	If the vacancy is not filled under sub-clause (e), it may be filled as	
		a casual vacancy in accordance with the provisions of the Act.	
	(g)	A Director who was removed from office under this Article shall	
-	(1.)	not be re-appointed as a Director by the Board of Directors.	
-	(h)	Nothing contained in this Article shall be taken:	
<u> </u>		i) as depriving a person removed hereunder of any compensation	

		or damages payable to him in respect of the termination of his	
		appointment as Director as per the terms of contract or terms of	
		his appointment as Director, or of any other appointment	
		terminating with that as Director; or	
		ii) as derogating from any power to remove a Director under the	
		provisions of the Act.	
147	(1)	Every Director of the Company who is in any way, whether	Disclosure of Director's
		directly or indirectly concerned or interested in a contract or	Interest
		arrangement, or proposed contract or arrangement, entered into or	
		to be entered into, by or on behalf of the Company, shall disclose	
		the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board of	
		Directors, in the manner provided in Section 184 of the Companies	
		Act, 2013.	
	(2)	Every Director of the Company who is in any way, whether	
		directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in a contract or	
		arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement entered into or	
		to be entered into—	
		(i) with a body corporate in which such Director or such Director	
		in association with any other Director, holds more than two per	
		cent of the shareholding of that body corporate, or is a	
		promoter, manager, chief executive officer of that body corporate; or	
		(ii) with a firm or other entity in which, such Director is a partner,	
		owner or member, as the case may be, shall disclose the nature	
		of his concern or interest at the meeting of the Board in which	
		the contract or arrangement is discussed and shall not	
		participate in such meeting:	
		participate in such meeting.	
		Provided that where any Director who is not so concerned or	
		interested at the time of entering into such contract or	
		arrangement, he shall, if he becomes concerned or interested after	
		the contract or arrangement is entered into, disclose his concern or	
		interest forthwith when he becomes concerned or interested or at	
		the first meeting of the Board held after he becomes so concerned	
		or interested.	
	(3)	Nothing in this Article shall –	
		(a) be taken to prejudice the operation of any rule of law	
		restricting a Director of the Company from having any	
		concern or interest in any contract or arrangement with the	
		Company;	
		(b) apply to any contract or arrangement entered into or to be	
		entered into between the Company and any other Company	
		where any one or more of the Directors of the Company	
		together holds or hold not more than two percent of the paid	
1.40	(1)	up share capital in other Company.	Decidence 1 d
148	(1)	Except with the consent of the Board of Directors of the Company	Board resolution necessary for
		(or the Audit Committee) given by a resolution at a meeting of the	certain contracts
		Board and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by the Company, a Company shall not enter into any contract or	
		arrangement with a related party with respect to,	
		(a) sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials;	
1		(b) selling or otherwise disposing of, or buying, property of any	
		kind;	
		(c) leasing of property of any kind;	
		(d) availing or rendering of any services;	
		(e) appointment of any agent for purchase or sale of goods,	
		materials, services or property;	
		(f) such related party's appointment to any office or place of profit	
		in the Company, its subsidiary Company or associate	
		Company; and	
		(g) underwriting the subscription of any securities or derivatives	
		thereof, of the Company:	
L			

		Notwithstanding the provisions of this sub-clause (1) of this Article, where prescribed, the Company shall enter into such contracts and / or arrangements only with the prior approval of the members of the Company by a special resolution. However, no member of the Company shall vote on such special resolution, to approve any contract or arrangement which may be entered into by the Company, if such member is a related party: It is clarified that this sub-clause shall not apply to any transactions entered into by the Company in its ordinary course of business other than transactions which are not on an arm's length basis.	
	(2)	Every contract or arrangement entered into under sub-clause (1) shall be referred to in the Board's report to the shareholders along with the justification for entering into such contract or arrangement.	
149		If the Company – (a) enters into a contract for the appointment of a manager or a Managing Director of the Company in which contract any Director of the Company is in any way directly or indirectly concerned or interested, or (b) varies any such contract already in existence and in which a Director is concerned or interested as aforesaid, the provisions of Section 302 of the Companies Act, 1956 or other applicable	Disclosure to the members of Director's interest in contract in appointing manager
150		provisions of law shall be complied with. Subject to the provisions of Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company shall not, directly or indirectly make any loan to any of its Directors or to any other person in whom the Director is interested or give any guarantee or provide any security in connection with a loan taken by him or such other person.	Loans to Directors etc.
151		The Company shall observe the restrictions imposed on the Company in regard to making any loans, giving any guarantee or providing any security to the companies or bodies corporate under the same management as provided in Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.	Loans etc. to Companies
152		No Director of the Company shall as a Director take any part in the discussion of or vote on any contract or arrangement entered into, or to be entered into, by or on behalf of the Company, if he is in any way whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in such contract or arrangement nor shall his presence count for the purpose of forming a quorum at the time of any such discussion or vote and if he does vote, it shall be void;	Interested Director not to participate or to vote in Board's proceedings.
		ROTATION & APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTO	RS
153		A Director may be or become a Director of any Company or in which it may be interested as a vendor, shareholder, or otherwise, and no such Director shall be accountable for any benefits received as Director or shareholder of such Company except in so far as Section 197 or Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 (and the rules made thereunder) may be applicable.	Directors maybe Directors of Companies promoted by the Company
154		Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors shall (a) be persons whose period of the office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation and (b) save as otherwise expressly provided in the Articles be appointed by the Company in General Meeting.	Rotation of Directors
155		Subject to the provisions of Section 284(5) of the Companies Act, 1956 or Section 169(5) and 169 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013, at every annual general meeting of the Company one-third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office. The Debenture Directors, Corporation Directors, Special Directors, or Managing Directors, if any, shall not be subject to retirement under this	Retirement of Directors

		Article and shall not be taken into account in determining the	
		number of Directors to retire by rotation. In these Articles a	
		"Retiring Director" means a Director retiring by rotation.	
156		The Directors who retire by rotation under Article 156 at every	Ascertainment of Directors
		annual general meeting shall be those who have been longest in	retiring by rotation and filling
		office since their last appointment, but as between those who	of vacancies
		become Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in	
		default of and subject to any agreement amongst themselves, be	
157		determined by lot.	Elizibility for ma alastian
157		A retiring Director shall be eligible for the re-appointment. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company at the annual	Eligibility for re-election Company to fill Vacancies
136		general meeting at which a Director retires in manner aforesaid	Company to fin vacancies
		may fill up the vacancy by appointing the retiring Director or some	
		other person thereto.	
159	(a)	If the place of retiring Director is not so filled up and the meeting	Provisions in default of
10)	(4)	has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall	appointment
		stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same	а рромин е м
		time and place, or if that day is a public holiday till the next	
		succeeding day which is not a public holiday, at the same time and	
		place.	
	(b)	If at the adjourned meeting also, the place of the retiring Director	
		is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved	
		not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to	
		have been re-appointed at the adjourned meeting unless –	
		i) at the meeting or the previous meeting a resolution for the	
		reappointment of such Director has been put to the meeting	
		and lost;	
		ii) the retiring Director has, by a notice in writing addressed to the	
		Company or its Board of Directors, expressed his	
		unwillingness to be so re-appointed;	
		iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment; or iv) a resolution, whether special or ordinary, is required for his	
		appointment or re-appointment in virtue of any provisions of	
		the Act,	
160		Subject to the provisions of Sections 149 and 152 of the	Company may increase or
		Companies Act, 2013, the Company may, by special resolution,	reduce the number of Directors
		from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors and	or remove any Director
		may prescribe or alter qualifications.	
161	(1)	No motion at any general meeting of the Company shall be made	Appointment of Directors to be
		for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors of the	voted Individually
		Company by a single resolution unless a resolution that it shall be	
		so made has been first agreed to by the meeting without any vote	
	(2)	being given against it.	
	(2)	A resolution moved in contravention of clause (1) hereof shall be void, whether or not objection was taken at the time of its being so	
		moved, provided where a resolution so moved is passed, no	
		provision for the automatic re-appointment of retiring Director in	
		default of another appointment as hereinbefore provided, shall	
		apply.	
	(3)	For the purpose of this Article, a motion for approving a person's	
	\-/		
		treated as a motion for his appointment.	
162	(1)	Subject to the provisions of the Act, a person, not being a Retiring	Notice of candidature for
		Director in terms of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, shall	office of Director except in
		be eligible for appointment to the office of Director at any general	certain cases
		meeting if he or some other member intending to propose him has,	
		at least fourteen days before the meeting, left at the registered	
		signifying his candidature for the office of a Director or the	
		such higher amount as may be prescribed which shall be refunded	
162		appointment or for nominating a person for appointment shall be treated as a motion for his appointment. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a person, not being a Retiring Director in terms of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, shall be eligible for appointment to the office of Director at any general meeting if he or some other member intending to propose him has, at least fourteen days before the meeting, left at the registered office of the Company a special notice in writing under his hand	office of Director except

		to such person or as the case may be, to the member, if the person	
		succeeds in getting elected as a Director or secures more than 25% of the total valid votes cast either by way of show of hands or on a	
		poll on such resolution.	
	(2)	The Company shall inform its members of the candidature of the	
		person for the office of Director in such manner as may be prescribed.	
	(3)	Every person (other than a Director retiring by rotation or	
		otherwise or a person who has left at the office of the Company, a notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, signifying	
		his candidature for theoffice of a Director) proposed as a candidate	
		for the office of a Director shall sign and file with the Company	
	(4)	his consent in writing to act as a Director if appointed.	
	(4)	A person other than: (a) A Director re-appointed after retirement by rotation or	
		immediately on the expiry of his term of office, or	
		(b) An Additional or Alternate Director or a person filling a casual	
		vacancy in the office of a Director under Section 161 of the	
		Companies Act, 2013, appointed as a Director or re-appointed	
		as an Additional or Alternate Director immediately on the expiry of his term of office shall not act as a Director of the	
		Company unless he has within thirty days of his appointment	
		signed and filed with the Registrar his consent in writing to act	
1.60		as such Director.	D i c CD:
163		The Company shall keep at its registered office a Register containing the particulars of its Directors and key managerial	Register of Directors etc. and notification of change to
		personnel as specified in Section 170 of the Act, and shall send to	Registrar
		the Registrar a Return containing the particulars specified in such	
		Register, and shall otherwise comply with the provisions of the	
		said Section in all respects. MANAGING DIRECTOR, WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR	STAD
		MANAGING DIRECTOR, WHOLE TIME DIREC	JOK
164		Subject to the provisions of Section 196, 203 and other applicable	Board may appoint Managing
		provision of the Companies Act, 2013, and these Articles, the	Director or
		Directors shall have power to appoint or re-appointment any person to be Managing Director, or Whole-Time Director for a	Managing Director(s) or Whole Time Directors
		term not exceeding five years at a time Provided that no re-	whole Time Directors
		appointment shall be made earlier than one year before the expiry	
		of his term. Such a Managing Director can also act as chairperson	
165		of the Company. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the	What provisions they will be
103		Managing Director, or the Whole Time Director shall not, while	subject to
		he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by	- and great and
		rotation under Article 156 but he shall be subject to the provisions	
		of any contract between him and the Company, be subject to the	
		same provisions as the resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company and he shall ipso facto and immediately	
		cease to be a Managing Director or Whole Time Director if he	
		ceases to hold the office of Director from any cause provided that	
		if at any time the number of Directors (including Managing	
		Director or Whole Time Directors) as are not subject to retirement by rotation shall exceed one-third of the total number of the	
		Directors for the time being, then such of the Managing Director	
		or Whole Time Director or two or more of them as the Directors	
		may from time to time determine shall be liable to retirement by	
		rotation in to the intent that the Directors so liable to retirement by	
		rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors	
166		rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being. The remuneration of the Managing Director, Whole Time	Remuneration of Managing or
166		rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being. The remuneration of the Managing Director, Whole Time Director, or Manager shall (subject to Sections 309 to311 and	Remuneration of Managing or Whole Time Director(s)
166		rotation shall not exceed one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being. The remuneration of the Managing Director, Whole Time	

		Directors from time to time and may be by way of fixed salary and/or perquisites or commission on profits of the Company or by participation in such profits, or by fee for such meeting of the Board or by all these modes or any other mode not expressly prohibited by the Act.	
167		Subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board the day to day management of the Company shall be in the hands of the Managing Director(s) and/or Whole Time Director(s) appointed under Article 166with power to the Board to distribute such day to day management functions among such Director(s) in any manner as deemed fit by the Board and subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles the Board may by resolution vest any such Managing Director or Managing Directors or Whole Time Director or Whole Time Directors such of the power hereby vested in the Board generally as it thinks fit and such powers may be made exercisable for such period or periods and upon such conditions and subject to such restrictions as it may determine and they may subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of or in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers. PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTOR.	
168		The Directors may meet together as a Board for the dispatch of business from time to time, and unless the Central Government by virtue of the proviso to Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 otherwise directs, shall so meet at least once in every one hundred and twenty days and at least four such meetings shall be held in every year. The Directors may adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.	Meeting of Directors
169	(1)	Notice of every meeting of the Board of Directors shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being in India, and at his usual address in India to every other Director.	Notice of meetings
	(2)	A Director may at any time and the Secretary upon the request of Director made at any time shall convene a meeting of the Board of Directors by giving a notice in writing to every Director for the time being in India and at his usual address in India to every other Director. Notice may be given by telex or telegram to any Director who is not in India.	When meeting to be Convened
170	(a)	Subject to Section 174 of the Companies Act, 2013 the quorum for a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be one-third of its total strength (excluding Directors, if any, whose place may be vacant at the time and any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one) or two Directors whichever is higher, PROVIDED that where at any time the number of interested Directors at any meeting exceeds or is equal to two-third of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors (that is to say, the number of Directors who are not interested) present at the meeting being not less than two shall be quorum during such time.	Quorum
	(b)	For the purpose of clause (a): (i)"Total Strength" of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be determined in pursuance of the Act, after deducting there from number of the Directors, if any, whose places may be vacant at the time, and (ii)"Interested Directors" means any Director whose presence cannot by reason of Article 153 hereof or any other provisions in the Act count for the purpose of forming a quorum at a meeting of the Board, at the time of the discussion or vote on any matter.	
171		If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of quorum then the meeting shall automatically stand adjourned till the same	Procedure when meeting adjourned for want of quorum

		day in the next week, at the same time and place, or if that day is a	
		public holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a public	
		holiday at the same time and place.	
172		One of the Directors shall be the Chairman of the Board of	Chairman
		Directors who shall preside at all meetings of the Board. If at any	
		meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for the	
		meeting then the Directors present shall elect one of them as	
172		Chairman who shall preside.	O (D 1 (
173		Subject to provisions of Section 203, and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, and other applicable provisions of law, questions	Questions at Board meeting how decided
		arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority	now decided
		of votes, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall	
		have second or casting vote.	
174		A meeting of the Board of Directors for the time being at which a	Powers of Board Meetings
		quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the	
		authorities, powers and discretions which by or under the Act or	
		these Articles or the regulations for the time being of the Company	
		are vested in or are exercisable by the Board of Directors	
		generally.	
175		The Board of Directors may, subject to the provisions of Section	Directors may appoint
		179 of the Companies Act, 2013, and other relevant provisions of	Committees
		the Act and these Articles, appoint committees of the Board, and	
		delegate any of the powers other than the powers to make calls and to issue debentures to such committee or committees and may	
		from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee of the	
		Board either wholly or in part and either as to the persons or	
		purposes, but every committee of the Board so formed shall in	
		exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulation that	
		may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board of Directors.	
		All acts done by any such Committee of the Board in conformity	
		with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purpose of their	
		appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and	
176		effect, as if done by the Board.	
176		The meetings and proceedings of any such Committee of the	Meeting of the Committee how
		Board consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and	to be Governed
		proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable	
		thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the	
		Directors under the last preceding Article.	
177	(1)	A resolution passed by circular without a meeting of the Board or	Circular Resolution
	. ,	a Committee of the Board appointed under Article 179 shall	
		subject to the provisions of sub-clause (2) hereof and the Act be as	
		valid and effectual as the resolution duly passed at meeting of, the	
		Directors or of a Committee duly called and held.	
	(2)	A resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the	
		Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation, if the resolution, has been circulated in draft together with necessary papers, if any,	
		to all the Directors or to all the members of the Committee then in	
		India (not being less in number than in the quorum fixed for a	
		meeting of the Board or Committee as the case may be), and to all	
		other Directors or members of the Committee at their usual	
		addresses in India in accordance with the provisions of Section	
		175(1) of the Companies Act,2013, and has been approved by	
		such of the Directors or members of the Committee as are in India	
		or by a majority of such of them as are entitled to vote on the	
		resolution.	
178		All acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of	Acts of Board or Committee
		the Board or by any person acting as a Director shall,	valid notwithstanding effect in
		notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there	appointment
		was some defect in the appointment of one or more of such	
		Directors or any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the	
i		mem were disquamied of had vacated office of that the	

	appointment of any of them is deemed to be terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director. Provided nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have terminated.	
	POWERS OF THE BOARD	
179	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Board who may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as are not, by the Act, or any other Act or by the Memorandum or by the Articles of the Company required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting, subject nevertheless to these Articles to the provisions of the Act, or any other Act and to such regulations (being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions), as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made, PROVIDED that the Board shall not, except with the consent of the Company by a special resolution in a general meeting:	Powers of Director
	 (a) sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or substantially the whole, of the undertaking of the Company or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole or substantially the whole of any such undertaking; (b) remit, or give time for the payment of any debt due by a Director; (c) invest otherwise than in trust securities the amount of compensation received by the Company as a result of a merger or amalgamation; (d) borrow money where the money to be borrowed together with the money already borrowed by the Company will exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves, (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business); or, (i) Provided that in respect of the matter referred to in sub-clause (d) such consent shall be obtained by a resolution of the Company which shall specify the total amount upto which monies may be borrowed by the Board under clause (d); (ii) Provided further that the expression "temporary loans" in clause (d) above shall mean loans repayable on demand or within six months from the date of the loan such as short term, cash credit arrangements, the discounting of bills and the issue of other short term loans of a reasonable character, but does not include loans raised for the purpose of financing expenditure of a capital nature. 	
180	Without derogating from the powers vested in the Board of Directors under these Articles, the Board shall exercise the following powers on behalf of the Company and they shall do so only by means of resolution passed at the meetings of the Board: (a) to make calls on shareholders in respect of money unpaid on their shares; (b) to authorise buy-back of securities under Section 68 of the Companies Act, 2013; (c) to borrow monies; (d) to invest the funds of the Company; (e) to grant loans or give guarantee or provide security in respect of loans;	Certain powers to be exercised by the Board only at meetings

		(f) to approve financial statement and the Board's report;	
		(g) to diversify the business of the Company;	
		(h) to approve amalgamation, merger or reconstruction;	
		(i) to take over a Company or acquire a controlling or substantial stake in another Company;	
		stake in another Company,	
		(j) any other matter which may be prescribed under the Act and the rules made thereunder.	
		Provided that the Board may by resolution passed at a meeting delegate to any Committee of Directors, Managing Director or any other principal officer of the Company, or in case of branch office of the Company a principal officer of the branch office, the powers	
		specified in (c), (d) and (e) of this sub-clause on such	
181		terms as it may specify. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last	Certain powers of the Board
101		preceding Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict those	Corum powers of the Board
		powers and without prejudice to the last preceding Article it is	
		hereby declared that the Directors shall have the following powers	
		that is to say, power: (1) to pay the costs, charges and expenses preliminary and	
		incidental to the formation, promotion, establishment and	
	L	registration of the Company;	
		(2) to pay and charge the capital account to the Company any	
		commission or interest, lawfully payable there out under the	
		provisions of Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of law;	
		(3) subject to Sections 179 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013,	
		to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any	
		property, rights or privileges which the Company is authorised	
		to acquire at or for price or consideration and generally on such	
		terms and conditions as they may think fit and in any such	
		purchase or other acquisition accept such title as the Directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory;	
		(4) at their discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act to	
		pay for any property, rights or privileges by or services	
		rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or	
		in shares, bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued either as fully	
		paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may	
		be agreed upon, and any such bonds, debentures, mortgages or	
		other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or	
		any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged;	
		(5) to secure the fulfillments of any contracts or engagement	
		entered into by the Company mortgage or charge of all or any	
		of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit;	
		(6) to accept from any member, so far as may be permissible by	
		law, a surrender of his shares or any part thereof, on such terms	
		and conditions as shall be agreed;	
		(7) to appoint any person to accept and hold in trust for the	
		Company any property belonging to the Company, or in which it is interested or for any other purposes and to execute and do	
		all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any	
		such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee	
		or trustees;	
		(8) to institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any legal	
		proceeding by or against the Company or its officer, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to	
		compound and allow time for payment on satisfaction of any	
		debts due, and of any claims or demands by or against the	

	Company and to refer any difference to arbitration, either	
	according to Indian law or according to foreign law and either	
	in India or abroad and observe and perform or challenge any	
	award made therein;	
	(0) to act on babalf of the Company in all matters relating to	
	(9) to act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents;	
	(10) to make and give receipts, release and other discharge for	
	monies payable to the Company and for the claims and	
	demands of the Company;	
	(11) subject to the provisions of Sections 179, 180 and 185, of the	
	Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of law,	
	to invest and deal with any monies of the Company not	
	immediately required for the purpose thereof, upon such	
	security (not being the shares of this Company) or without	
	security and in such manner as they may think fit, and from	
	time to time to vary or realize such investments. Save as	
	provided in Section 187 of the Companies Act, 2013, all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own	
	name;	
\vdash	(12) to execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in	
	favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be	
	about to incur any personal liability whether as principal or	
	surety, for the benefit of the Company, such mortgage of the	
	Company's property (present and future) as they think fit, and	
	any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and other	
	powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be	
	agreed upon;	
	(13) to determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign,	
	on Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts,	
	and documents and to give the necessary authority for such	
	purpose;	
	(14) to distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the	
	Company a share or shares in the profits of the Company, and	
	to give to any officer or other person employed by the	
	Company a commission on the profits of any particular	
	business or transaction; and to charge such bonus or	
_	commission as a part of working expenses of the Company;	
	(15) to provide for the welfare of Directors or ex-Directors or	
	employees or ex-employees of the Company and wives,	
	widows, and families or the dependents or connections of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of	
	houses, dwellings or chawls or by grants of money, pensions,	
	gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments, or by	
	creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to	
	provident and other associations, institutions, funds, or trusts	
	and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards	
	places of instructions and recreation, hospitals and	
	dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other	
	assistance as the Board shall think fit, and subject to the	
	applicable provisions of law to subscribe or contribute or	
	otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions	
	or objects which shall have any moral or other claim to	
	support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality of	
	operation, or of public and general utility or otherwise;	
T	(16) before recommending any dividend, subject to the provision	
	of Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013, to set aside out of	
	the profits of the Company such sums as they may think	
	proper for depreciation or the depreciation fund, or to	
	insurance fund, or as a reserve fund or sinking fund or any	

	special fund to meet contingencies or to repay debentures or	
	debenture stock or for special dividends or for equalizing	
	dividends or for repairing, improving, extending and	
	maintaining any of the properties of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purposes referred to in the	
	preceding clause) as the Board may, in their absolute	
	discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company,	
	and subject to Section179 of the Companies Act, 2013, to	
	invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as required to be invested, upon such investments (other than	
	share of this Company) as they may think fit, and from time	
	to time to deal with and vary such investments and dispose of	
	and apply and expend all or any part thereof for the benefit of	
	the Company, in such manner and for such purposes as the Board in their absolute discretion think conducive to the	
	interest of the Company notwithstanding that the matters to	
	which the Board apply or upon which they expend the same	
	or any part thereof may be matters to or upon which the	
	capital monies of the Company might rightly be applied or	
	expended; and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit; with full power to transfer	
	the whole or any portion of a reserve fund or division of a	
	reserve fund to another reserve fund and/or division of a	
	reserve fund and with full power to employ and assets	
	constituting all or any of the above funds including the depreciation fund, in the business of the Company or in	
	purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture stock and	
	that without being bound to keep the same separate from the	
	other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the	
	same, with power however to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds interest at such rate	
	as the Board may think proper, not exceeding nine percent	
	per annum;	
	(17) to appoint, and at their discretion remove or suspend such	
	general manager, managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisors, scientists, technicians, engineers, consultants,	
	legal, medical or economic advisers, research workers,	
	labourers, clerks, agents and servants for permanent,	
	temporary or special services as they may from time to time	
	think fit, and to determine their powers and duties, and to fix their salaries, or emoluments or remuneration, and to require	
	security in such instances and to such amounts as they may	
	think fit, and also from time to time to provide for the	
	management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in	
	specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit; and the provision contained in the next	
	following sub-clauses shall be without prejudice to the	
	general powers conferred by this sub-clause;	
	(18) to comply with the requirement of any local law which in	
	their opinion it shall in the interest of the Company be	
	necessary or expedient to comply with; (19) from time to time and at any time to establish any Local	
	Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any	
	specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any	
	person to be members of such Local Boards, and to fix their	
	remuneration; (20) subject to Section 179 of the Companies Act, 2013, from time	
	to time and at any time to delegate to any persons so	
	appointed any of the powers, authorities, and discretions for	
	the time being vested in the Board, other than their power to	
	make call or to make loans or borrow monies; and to	
	authorise the member for the time being of any such Local Board, or any of them to fill up any vacancies there in and to	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

		act notwithstanding vacancies, and such appointment or				
		delegation may be made on such terms subject to such				
		conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may at				
		any time remove any person so appointed, and may annul or				
		vary any such delegation;				
		(21) at any time and from time to time by Power of Attorney under				
		the Seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to				
		be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company, for such				
		purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions				
		(not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board				
		under these presents and excluding the power to make calls				
		and excluding also except in their limits authorised by the				
		Board the power to make loans and borrow monies) and for				
		such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may				
		from time to time think fit, and any such appointments may				
		(if the Board thinks fit) be made in favour of the members or				
		any of the members of any local board established as aforesaid or in favour of any Company, or the shareholders,				
		Directors, nominees or managers of any Company or firm or				
		otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons				
		whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board and				
		any such powers of Attorney may contain such powers for				
		the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such				
		Attorneys as the Board may think fit, and may contain				
		powers enabling any such delegated attorneys as aforesaid to				
		sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and				
		discretion for the time being vested in them;				
		(22) subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for or				
		in relation of any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the				
		purposes of the Company to enter into all such negotiations				
		and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts, and				
		execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider				
		expedient;				
		(23) from time to time to make, vary and repeal by-laws for the				
		regulation of the business of the Company, its officers and				
		servants.				
100	(1)	MINUTES	3.61			
182	(1)	The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of general	Minutes	to	be	considered
		meetings of any class of shareholders or creditors, and every	evidence			
		resolution passed by postal ballot or by electronic means and every meeting of the Board of Directors or of every committee of the				
		Board to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be				
		prescribed and kept within thirty days of the conclusion of every				
		such meeting concerned, or passing of resolution by postal ballot				
		in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively				
		numbered.				
	(2)	The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct				
		summary of the proceedings thereat.				
	(3)	All appointments of officers made at any of the meetings aforesaid				
		shall be included in the minutes of the meetings.				
	(4)	In the case of a meeting of the Board of Directors or of a				
		Committee of the Board, the minutes shall also contain:				
		(a) the names of the Directors present at the meeting; and(b) in the case of each resolution at the meeting the names of the				
		Directors, if any, dissenting from or not concurring in the				
		resolution.				
	(5)	Nothing contained in clauses (1) to (4) hereof shall be deemed to				
	(-)	require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in				
		the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting:				
		(a) is or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any				
		person;				

		(b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or	
		(c) is detrimental to the interest of the Company.	
		The Chairman shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the	
		inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the	
183		grounds specified in this sub-clause. The minutes of meeting kept in accordance with the provisions of	Minutes to be evidence of the
103		Section 118 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be evidence of the	proceedings
		proceedings recorded therein,	proceedings
184		Where the minutes of the proceedings of any general meeting of	Presumptions to be drawn
		the Company or of any meeting of the Board or of a Committee of	where minutes duly drawn and
		Directors have been kept in accordance with provisions of Section	signed
		118 of the Companies Act, 2013, until the contrary is proved, the	_
		meeting shall be deemed to have been duly called and held, all	
		proceedings thereat to have been duly taken place and in particular	
		all appointments of Directors or Liquidators made at the meeting	
40.5	(4)	shall be deemed to be valid.	
185	(1)	The books containing the minutes or the proceedings of any	Inspection of Minutes Books
		general meeting of the Company shall be open to inspection of	of General Meetings
		members without charge on such days and during such business	
		hours as may consistently with the provisions of Section 119 of the Companies Act, 2013, be determined by the Company in general	
		meeting and the members will also be entitled to be furnished with	
		copies thereof on payment of regulated charges.	
	(2)	Any member of the Company shall be entitled to be furnished	
		within seven working days after he has made a request in that	
		behalf to the Company and on payment of such sums as may be	
		prescribed, with a copy of any minutes referred to in sub-clause	
		(1) hereof.	
186		No document purporting to be a report of the proceedings of any	Publication of report of
		general meeting of the Company shall be circulated or advertised	proceedings of General
		at the expenses of the Company unless it includes the matters	Meeting
		required by Section118 of the Companies Act, 2013 to be	
		contained in the minutes of the proceedings of such meetings. MANAGEMENT	
		WANAGEWENT	
187		The Company shall not appoint or employ at the same time a	Prohibition of simultaneous
		Managing Director and a Manager.	appointment of different
			categories of managerial
100			personal
188		Subject to the provisions of the Act -	
		(i) a chief executive officer, manager, Company secretary or chief	
		financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think	
		fit; and any chief financial officer so appointed may be	
		removed by means of a resolution of the Board;	
		(ii) a Director may be appointed as chief executive officer,	
		manager, Company secretary or chief financial officer.	
189	(1)	A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising	The Seal, its custody and use
		a thing to be done by or to a Director and chief executive officer,	
		manager, Company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be	
		satisfied by it being done by or to the same person acting both as	
		Director and as, or in place of, the chief executive officer,	
	/=:	manager, Company secretary or chief financial officer.	
	(2)	the Seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the	
		authority of the Board of Directors or a Committee of the Board	
		previously given and in the presence of any director of the	
		Company or such other person, the Board may appoint in that	
		behalf who shall sign every instrument to which the Seal is affixed. Provided that the certificates of shares or debentures shall	
		be sealed in the manner and in conformity with the provisions of	
		the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014, and	
		their statutory modifications for the time being in force.	
<u> </u>	l .	aren statutory modifications for the time being in force.	

		DIVIDEND WARRANTS	
191	(1)	Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the divided is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.	Division of profits
	(2)	No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion	
		or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms provided that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.	
192		The Company in general meeting may declare dividends, to be paid to members according to their respective rights and interest in the profits and may fix the time for payment and the Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 127 of the Act, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board of Directors, but the Company may declare a smaller dividend in general meeting.	The Company in general meeting may declare dividend
193	(1)	No dividend shall be declared or paid by the Company for any financial year except (a) out of the profits of the Company for that year arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of sub-clause (2) or out of the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with those provisions and remaining undistributed or out of both; or (b) out of the monies provided by the Central Government or State government for the payment of dividend in pursuance or guarantee given by the Government.	Dividend out of profits only
	(2)	For the purposes of sub-clause (1), the depreciation shall be provided in accordance with the provisions of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.	
194	(3)	No dividend shall be payable except in cash, provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to prohibit the capitalisation of the profits or reserves of the Company for the purpose of issuing fully paid up bonus shares or paying up any amount for the time being unpaid on any shares held by members of the Company. The Board of Directors may from time to time, pay to the	Interim Dividend
		members such interim dividends as in their judgment the position of the Company justifies.	
195		The Directors may retain any dividends on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards the satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.	Debts may be deducted
196		Where the capital is paid in advance of the calls upon the footing that the same shall carry interest, such capital shall not, whilst carrying interest, confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.	Capital paid up in advance at interest not to earn dividend
197		All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividends as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.	Dividends in proportion to amount paid up
198		The Board of Directors may retain the dividend payable upon	Retention of dividends until in

		shares in respect of which any person under the Transmission	certain cases
		Clause has become entitled to be a member, or any person under	
		that Article is entitled to transfer, until such person becomes a	
		member, in respect of such shares or shall duly transfer the same.	
199		No member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest or	No member to receive
		dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares, whilst any	dividend whilst liberated to the
		money may be due or owing from him to the Company in respect	Company and the Company's
		of such share or shares (or otherwise however either alone or	right of Reimbursement
		jointly with any other person or persons) and the Board of	thereof
		Directors may deduct from the interest or dividend to any member	
		all such sums of monies so due from him to the Company.	
200		A transfer of shares does not pass the right to any dividend	Effect of transfer of Shares
		declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.	
201		Any one of several persons who are registered as joint holders of	Dividend to joint holders
		any share may give effectual receipt for all dividends or bonus and	_
		payments on account of dividends in respect of such share.	
202		The dividend payable in cash may be paid by cheque or warrant or	Dividend how remitted
		in any electronic mode to the shareholder entitled to the payment	
		of the dividend or in case of joint-holders to the registered address	
		of that one of the joint-holders which is first named on the register	
		of members or to such person and to such address as the holder or	
		the joint-holder may in writing direct. The Company shall not be	
		liable or responsible for any cheque or warrant or pay slip or	
		receipt lost in transmission or for any dividend lost, to the member	
		or person entitled thereto by forged endorsement of any cheque or	
		warrant or forged signature on any pay slip or receipt or the	
		fraudulent recovery of the dividend by any other means.	
203		Notice of the declaration of any dividend whether interim or	Notice of dividend
		otherwise shall be given to the registered holder of share in the	
		manner herein provided.	
204	(1)	The Company shall pay the dividend or send the warrant in respect	Dividend to be paid within
		thereof to the shareholder entitled to the payment of dividend,	thirty days
		within thirty days from the date of the declaration unless:	
		(a) where the dividend could not be paid by reason of the	
		operation of any law;	
		(b) where a shareholder has given directions regarding the	
		payment of the dividend and those directions cannot be	
		complied with;	
		(c) where there is a dispute regarding the right to receive the	
		dividend;	
		(d) where the dividend has been lawfully adjusted by the Company	
		against any sum due to it from the shareholder, or	
		(e) where for any other reason, the failure to pay the dividend or to	
		post the warrant within the period aforesaid was not due to	
		any default on the part of the Company.	
	(2)	(a) where the dividend has been declared or claimed within thirty	
		days from the date of the declaration to any shareholder entitled	
		to the payment thereof the Company shall within seven days	
		from the date of expiry or the said period of thirty days transfer	
		the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or	
		unclaimed within the said period of thirty days to a special	
		account to be opened by the Company in that behalf in any	
		Scheduled Bank to be called "Unpaid Dividend Account of	
		"ARCHIT ORGANOSYS LIMITED"	
		(b) The Company shall, within a period of ninety days of making	
		any transfer of an amount under sub clause (a) to the Unpaid	
		Dividend Account, prepare a statement containing the names,	
		their last known addresses and the unpaid dividend to be paid	
		to each person and place it on the website of the Company, if	
		any, and also on any other website approved by the Central	
		Government for this purpose, in such form, manner and other	
		particulars as may be prescribed.	
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		(c) If any default is made in transferring the total amount referred to in sub-clause (1) or any part thereof to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, it shall pay, from the date of such default, interest on so much of the amount as has not been transferred to the said account, at the rate of twelve percent per annum and the interest accruing on such amount shall ensure to	
		the benefit of the members of the Company in proportion to the amount remaining unpaid to them.	
		(d) Any person claiming to be entitled to any money transferred under sub-clause (1) to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company may apply to the Company for payment of the money claimed.	
		(e) any money transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company in pursuance of this Article which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the Company along with interest accrued, if any, thereon to the Investor Education and Protection Fund of the Central Government.	
		(f) the Company shall when making any transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund of the Central Government any unpaid or unclaimed dividend, furnish to such officer as the Central Government may appoint in this behalf a statement in the prescribed form seeing forth in respect of all sums included in such transfer, the nature of the sums, the names and last known addresses of the persons entitled to receive the sum, the amount to which each person is entitled and the nature of his claim thereto and such other particulars as may be prescribed.	
		CAPITALISATION	<u> </u>
205	(1)	The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve:	Capitalisation
	(2)	 (a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the Profit and Loss Account or otherwise available for distributions; and (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions. The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, 	
	(2)	subject to the provision contained in clause (3)either in or towards: (i) paying up any amount for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively; (ii) paying up in full unissued shares of the Company to be	
		allocated and distributed, credited as fully paidup, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid; or (iii) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (i) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (ii); (iv) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to	
		members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares; (v) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this regulation.	
206	(1)	Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall: (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, if any, and	Fractional Certificates
	(2)	(b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. The Board shall have full power:	
		(a) to make such provision, by the issue of fractional certificates or	

		by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, in the case of	
		shares becoming distributable infractions and also	
		(b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members	
		entitled thereto, into an arrangement with the Company	
		providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as	
		fully paid up, of any further shares to which they may be	
		entitled upon such capitalisation, or (as the case may require)	
		for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the	
		application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits	
		resolved to be capitalised to the amounts of any part of the	
		amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares.	
	(3)	Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.	
	(4)	That for the purpose of giving effect to any resolution, under the	
		preceding paragraph of this Article, the Directors may give such	
		directions as may be necessary and settle any questions or	
		difficulties that may arise in regard to any issue including	
		distribution of new equity shares and fractional certificate as they	
		think fit.	
		ACCOUNTS	
207	(1)	The Company shall prepare and keep at its registered office proper	Books to be kept
		books of account and other relevant books and papers and	· · · · · ·
		financial statement for every financial year in accordance with	
		Section 128 of the Companies Act, 2013, as would give a true and	
		fair view of the state of affairs of the Company including that of its	
		branch office or offices, if any, and explain the transactions	
		effected both at the registered office and its branches and such	
		books shall be kept on accrual basis and according to the double	
		entry system of accounting:	
		Provided that all or any of the books of accounts aforesaid and	
		other relevant papers may be kept at such other place in India as	
		the Board of Directors may decide and when the Board of	
		Directors so decide the Company shall within seven days of the	
		decision file with the Registrar a notice in writing giving the full	
		address of that other place.	
		Provided further that the Company may keep such books of	
		account or other relevant papers in electronic mode in such	
		manner as may be prescribed.	
	(2)	Where the Company has a branch office, whether in or outside	
	(2)	India, the Company shall be deemed to have complied with the	
		provisions of sub-clause (1) if proper books of accounts relating to	
		the transactions affected at the branch are kept at that office and	
		proper summarised returns made upto date at intervals of not more	
		than three months are sent by the branch office to the Company at	
		its registered office or the other place referred to in sub-clause (1).	
		The books of accounts and other books and paper maintained by	
		the Company within India shall be open to inspection at the	
		registered office of the Company or at such other place in India by	
		any Director during business hours and in the case of financial	
		information, if any, maintained outside the country, copies of such	
		financial information shall be maintained and produced for	
		inspection by any Director subject to such conditions as may be	
		prescribed:	
		Provided that the inspection in respect of any subsidiary of the	
		Company shall be done only by the person authorised in this	
		behalf by a resolution of the Board of Directors	
	(3)	The books of account of the Company relating to a period of not	
	\-/	less than eight financial years immediately preceding a financial	
		year, or where the Company had been in existence for a period less	
		than eight years, in respect of all the preceding years together with	
		the vouchers relevant to any entry in such books of account shall	
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			be kept in good order:	
			Provided that where an investigation has been ordered in respect	
			of the Company under Chapter XIV of the Companies Act, 2013, the Central Government may direct that the books of account may	
			be kept for such longer period as it may deem fit.	
4	208	(1)	The Board of Directors shall in accordance with Section 129, 133	Financial Statements
			and 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made	
			thereunder, cause to be prepared and laid before each annual	
			general meeting, financial statements for the financial year of the Company which shall be a date which shall not precede the day of	
			the meeting by more than six months or such extended period as	
			shall have been granted by the Registrar under the provisions of	
			the Act.	
		(2)	The financial statements of the Company shall give a true and fair	
			view of the state of affairs of the Company and comply with the accounting standard notified under Section 133 of the Companies	
			Act, 2013 and shall be in the form set out in Schedule III to the	
			Companies Act, 2013.	
			Provided that the items contained in such financial statements shall	
		(2)	be in accordance with the accounting standards.	
		(3)	In case the Company has one or more subsidiaries, it shall, in addition to financial statements provided under sub-clause (1),	
			prepare a consolidated financial statement of the Company and of	
			all the subsidiaries in the same form and manner as that of its own	
			which shall also be laid before the annual general meeting of the	
			Company along with the laying of its financial statement under	
			sub-section (1): Provided that the Company shall also attach along with its	
			financial statement, a separate statement containing the salient	
			features of the financial statement of its subsidiary or subsidiaries	
			in such form as may be prescribed:	
			Provided further that the Central Government may provide for the	
			consolidation of accounts of companies in such manner as may be	
			prescribed.	
			For the purposes of this sub-clause, the word "subsidiary" shall include associate Company and joint venture.	
			AUDIT	
	• • • •			
1	209		Once at least in every year the accounts of the Company shall be	Account to be audited
			audited and the correctness of the financial statements ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.	
	210	(1)	Auditors shall be appointed and their qualifications, rights and	Appointment of Auditors
		. ,	duties regulated in accordance with the provisions of Chapter X of	
L		(2)	the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.	
		(2)	Subject to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company shall at the first annual general meeting	
			appoint an individual or a firm as an Auditor to hold office from	
			conclusion of that meeting until the conclusion of its sixth annual	
			general meeting and thereafter till the conclusion of every sixth	
			meeting and the manner and procedure of selection of auditors by	
			the members of the Company at such meeting shall be such as may be prescribed.	
			be prescribed.	
			Provided that the Company shall place the matter relating to such	
			appointment for ratification by members at every annual general	
			meeting;	
			Provided further that before such appointment is made, the written	
			consent of the auditor to such appointment and a certificate from	
			him or it that the appointment, if made, shall be in accordance with	
			the conditions as may be prescribed, shall be obtained from the	

		auditor:	
		Provided also that the certificate shall also indicate whether the	
		auditor satisfies the criteria provided in Section 141 of the	
		Companies Act, 2013:	
		Provided also that the Company shall inform the auditor concerned	
		of his or its appointment, and also file a notice of such	
		appointment with the Registrar within fifteen days of the meeting	
		in which the auditor is appointed."Appointment" includes	
		reappointment. DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES	
211	(1)	A document or notice may be served by the Company on any	Service of documents or
		member thereof either personally or by sending it by registered	notices on members by the
		post or by speed post or by courier service or by leaving it at his	Company
		registered address or if he has no registered address in India, to the	
		address if any, within India supplied by him to the Company for	
		serving documents or notice on him or by means of such electronic	
	(2)	or other mode as may be prescribed.	
	(2)	A document or notice advertised in a newspaper circulating in the	
		neighborhood of the registered office of the Company shall be	
		deemed to be duly served on the day on which the advertisement	
		appears, on every member of the Company who has no registered	
		address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address	
	(2)	within India for the giving of notices to him. A document or notice may be served by the Company on the joint	
	(3)	holders of a share by serving it on the joint holder named first in	
		the Register in respect of the share.	
	(4)	A document or notice may be served by the Company on the	
	(+)	person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or	
		insolvency of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid	
		letter, addressed to them by name or by title of representatives of	
		the deceased, or assignees of the insolvent or by any like	
		description, at the address, if any, in India supplied for the purpose	
		by the person claiming to be so entitled, or until such an address	
		has been so supplied, serving the document or notice in any	
		manner in which it might have been served if the death or	
		insolvency had not occurred.	
	(5)	The signature to any document or notice to be given by the	
		Company may be written or printed or lithographed.	
212		Document or notice of every general meeting shall be served or	To whom documents must be
		given in the same manner herein before authorised on or to (a)	served or given
		every member, (b) every person entitled to a share in consequence	
		of the death or insolvency of a member and (c) the auditor or	
		auditors for the time being of the Company, PROVIDED that	
		when the notice of the meeting is given by advertising the same in	
		newspaper circulating in the neighborhood of the office of the	
		Company under Article 93 a statement of material facts referred to	
		in Article 93 need not be annexed to the notice, as is required by that Article, but is shall merely be mentioned in the advertisement	
		that the statement has been forwarded to the members of the	
		Company.	
213		Every person who by operation of law, transfer or other means	Members bound by documents
1213		whatsoever, has become entitled to any share shall be bound by	or notices served on or given to
		every document or notice in respect of such share, which prior to	previous holders
		his name and address being entered on the Register of Members,	r
		shall have been duly served on or give to the person from whom	
		he derived his title to such share.	
214		A document may be served on the Company or an officer thereof	Service of documents on
		by sending it to the Company or officer at the registered office of	Company
		the Company by Registered Post or by speed post or by courier	• •
		service or by leaving it at its registered office or by means of such	
L		electronic or other mode as may be prescribed:	
		• •	

	Provided that where securities are held with a Depository, the	
	records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such	
	Depository on the Company by means of electronic or other mode.	
215	Save as provided in the Act or the rules made thereunder for filing	Service of documents by
	of documents with the Registrar in electronic mode, a document	Company on the Registrar
	may be served on the Registrar or any member by sending it to	
	him at his office by post or by Registered Post or by speed post or	
	by courier or delivering it to or leaving it for him at his office, or	
	by such electronic or other mode as may be prescribed.	
	Provided that a member may request for delivery of any document	
	through a particular mode, for which he shall pay such fees as may be determined by the Company in its annual general meeting. The	
	term "courier" means a person or agency which delivers the	
	document and provides proof of its delivery.	
216	Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a document or	Authentication of documents
	proceeding requiring authentication by the Company or contracts	and proceedings
	made on behalf of the Company may be signed by any key	1 8
	managerial personnel or other officer of the Company duly	
	authorised by the Board of the Company and need not be under the	
	Common Seal of the Company.	
	REGISTERS AND DOCUMENTS	
217	The Company shall keep and maintain Registers, Books and	Registers and documents to be
	Documents as required by the Act or these Articles, including the	maintained by the Company
	following:	3 1 3
	(1) Register of Investments made by the Company but not held in	
	its own name, as required by Section187(3) of the Companies	
	Act, 2013, and shall keep it open for inspection by any	
	member or debenture holder of the Company without charge.	
	(2) Register of Mortgages and Charges and copies of instrument	
	creating any charge requiring registration according to Section	
	85 of the Companies Act, 2013, and shall keep them open for	
	inspection by any creditor or member of the Company without fee and for inspection by any person on payment of a fee of	
	rupee ten for each inspection.	
	(3) Register and Index of Members as required by Section 88 of	
	the Companies Act, 2013, and shall keep the same open for	
	inspection during business hours, at such reasonable time on	
	every working day as the Board may decide by any member,	
	debenture holder, other security holder or beneficial owner	
	without payment of fee and by any other person on payment	
	of a fee of rupees fifty for each inspection.	
	(4) Register and Index of Debenture Holders or Security Holders	
	under Section 88 of the Companies Act,2013, and keep it open	
	for inspection during business hours, at such reasonable time	
	on every working day as the Board may decide by any	
	member, debenture holder, other security holder or beneficial	
	owner without payment of fee and by any other person on payment of rupees fifty for each inspection.	
	(5) Foreign Register, if so thought fit, as required by Section 88 of	
	the Companies Act, 2013, and it shall be open for inspection	
	and may be closed and extracts may be taken there from and	
	copies thereof as maybe required in the manner, mutatis	
	mutandis, as is applicable to the Principal Register.	
	(6) Register of Contracts with related parties and companies and	
	firms etc. in which Directors are interested as required by	
	Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, and shall keep it	
	open for inspection at the registered office of the Company	
	during business hours by any member of the Company. The	
	Company shall provide extracts from such register to a	
	member of the Company on his request, within seven days	
	from the date on which such request is made upon the	

		payment of fee of ten rupees per page.	
1		(7) Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel etc., as	
		required by Section 170 of the Companies Act,2013 and shall	
		keep it open for inspection during business hours and the	
		members of the Company shall have a right to take extracts	
		there from and copies thereof, on a request by the members,	
		be provided to them free of cost within thirty days. Such	
		register shall also be kept open for inspection at every annual	
		general meeting of the Company and shall be made accessible	
		to any person attending the meeting.	
		(8) Register of Loans, Guarantee, Security and Acquisition made	
		by the Company as required by Section 186(9) of the	
		Companies Act, 2013. The extracts from such register may be	
		furnished to any member of the Company on payment of fees	
		of ten rupees for each page.	
		(9) Books recording minutes of all proceedings of general meeting	
		and all proceedings at meetings of its Board of Directors or of	
		Committee of the Board in accordance with the provisions of	
		Section 118 of the Companies Act, 2013.	
		(10) Copies of Annual Returns prepared under Section 92 of the	
		Companies Act, 2013, together with the copies of certificates	
		and documents required to be annexed thereto.	
		Provided that any member, debenture holder, security holder or	
		beneficial owner or any other person may require a copy of any	
		such register referred to sub-clause (3), (4) or (5), or the entries	
		therein or the copies of annual returns referred to in sub-clause	
		(10) above on payment of a fee of ten rupees for each page. Such	
		copy or entries or return shall be supplied within seven days of	
		deposit of such fee.	
		WINDING UP	L
218		If the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for	Distribution of assets
		distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to	
		repay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be	
		distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne	
		by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which	
		by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which	
		by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding	
		by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively, and if in a winding up	
		by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively, and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be	
		by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively, and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the	
		by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively, and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed	
		by the members in the proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively, and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the capital at the	
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		thereby shall have a right to dissent and ancillary rights as if such	
		determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to Section	
		319 of the Companies Act, 2013.	
	(3)	In case any shares to be divided as aforesaid involve a liability to	
	(-)	calls or otherwise any person entitled under such division to any of	
		the said shares may within ten days after the passing of the special	
		resolution by notice in writing direct the Liquidator to sell his	
		proportion and pay him the net proceeds and the Liquidator shall if	
		practicable act accordingly.	
220		A special resolution sanctioning a sale to any other Company duly	Right of shareholders in case
		passed pursuant to Section 319 of the Companies Act, 2013 may	of sales
		subject to the provisions of the Act in like manner as aforesaid,	
		determine that any shares or other consideration receivable by the	
		Liquidator be distributed amongst the members otherwise than in	
		accordance with their existing rights and any such determination	
		shall be binding upon all the members subject to the rights of	
		dissent and consequential rights conferred by the said sanction.	
	1	INDEMNITY	
221		Subject to provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013,	Directors' and others'
		every Director, or Officer, or servant of the Company or any	rights to indemnity
		person (whether an officer of the Company or not) employed by	
		the Company as auditor, shall be indemnified by the Company	
		against and it shall be the duty of the Directors out of the funds of	
		the Company to pay all costs, charges, losses and damages which	
		any such person may incur or become liable to, by reason of any	
		contract entered into or act or thing done, concurred in or omitted to be done by him in any way in or about the execution or	
		discharge of his duties or supposed duties (except such if any as he	
		shall incur or sustain through or by his own wrongful act, neglect	
		or default) including expenses, and in particular and so as not to	
		limit the generality of the foregoing provisions against all	
		liabilities incurred by him as such Director, Officer or Auditor or	
		other Officer of the Company in defending any proceedings	
		whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour	
		or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application	
		under Section 463 of the Companies Act, 2013 in which relief is	
		granted to him by the Court.	
222		Subject to the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act,	Director, Officer not
		2013, no Director, Auditor or other Officer of the Company shall	responsible for acts of others
		be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects, or defaults of any other	
		Director or Officer or for joining in any receipt or other act for	
		conformity or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company	
		through insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property	
		acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company	
		or for insufficiency or deficiency of any of any security in or upon	
		which any of the monies of the Company shall be invested, or for	
		any loss or damages arising from insolvency or tortuous act of any	
		person, firm or Company to or with whom any monies, securities or effects shall be entrusted or deposited or any loss occasioned by	
		any error of judgment, omission, default or oversight on his part or	
		for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatever which shall	
		happen in relation to the execution of the duties of his office or in	
		relation thereto unless the same shall happen through his own	
		dishonesty.	
	1	SECRECY CLAUSE	<u> </u>
223		Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Treasurer, Trustee, Member of	Secrecy Clause
		a Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant or other person	
		employed in the business of the Company shall, if so required, by	
		the Director, before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration	
		pledging himself to observe strict secrecy and confidentiality in	
		respect of all transactions and affairs of the Company and shall by	
		such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters	
		which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties	
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	except when required to do so by the Directors or by law or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions, in these presents contained.	
224	No member or other person (not being a Director) shall be entitled to visit or inspect any property or premises of the Company without the permission of the Directors or Managing Director or to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading, or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, secret process, or any other matter which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Director; it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose.	No member to enter the premises of the Company without permission